

Franklin's disease: immunoglobulin heavy chain disease

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Case presentation

A 64-year-old male presented with persistent fatigue, weakness and abdominal discomfort. He was found to have pancytopenia and hepatosplenomegaly. His bone marrow examination was mildly hypocellular with trilineage hematopoiesis. Serum protein electrophoresis revealed broad beta protein area but no gamma monoclonal spike (A). Surprisingly, immunofixation study identified monoclonal γ -heavy chain with no corresponding κ - or λ -light chains (B). This finding is consistent with gamma heavy chain disease (Franklin's disease). Subsequently, a percutanous liver biopsy was performed. The specimen showed focal areas of dense neoplastic lymphoplasmacytic infiltrate. The neoplastic cells were immunoreactive for CD79A, CD20, PAX-5 and MUM-1, as well as gamma heavy chain but negative for kappa and lambda [(C), γ -heavy chain staining)]. This is a rare case of gamma heavy chain disease (Franklin's disease) associated with B cell lymphoma.

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Footnote

Conflicts of Interest: The authors have no conflicts of interest to declare.



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