Erratum to pulmonary embolism concurrent with lung cancer and central emboli predict mortality in patients with lung cancer and pulmonary embolism

Seung-Ick Cha¹, Kyung-Min Shin², Jae-Kwang Lim², Seung-Soo Yoo¹, Shin-Yup Lee¹, Jaehee Lee¹, Chang-Ho Kim¹, Jae-Yong Park¹, Won-Kee Lee³, Chi-Young Jung⁴

¹Department of Internal Medicine, ²Department of Radiology, ³Department of Preventive Medicine, School of Medicine, Kyungpook National University, Daegu, Korea; ⁴Department of Internal Medicine, School of Medicine, Catholic University of Daegu, Daegu, Korea *Correspondence to:* Seung-Ick Cha, MD. Department of Internal Medicine, Kyungpook National University Hospital, 130 Dongdeok-ro, Jung-gu, Daegu 41944, Korea. Email : sicha@knu.ac.kr.

doi: 10.21037/jtd.2018.03.142 View this article at: http://dx.doi.org/10.21037/jtd.2018.03.142

Erratum to: J Thorac Dis 2018;10:262-72

In the article that appeared on Page 262-72, Vol 10, No 1 (January 2018) Issue of the *Journal of Thoracic Disease* (1), there are errors in the affiliation information: Kyungpook National University School of Medicine, Daegu, Korea; Catholic University of Daegu School of Medicine, Daegu, Korea: The correct affiliation should be: School of Medicine, Kyungpook National University, Daegu, Korea; School of Medicine, Catholic University of Daegu, Korea

The authors regret the errors.

References

1. Cha SI, Shin KM, Lim JK, et al. Pulmonary embolism concurrent with lung cancer and central emboli predict mortality in patients with lung cancer and pulmonary embolism. J Thorac Dis 2018;10:262-72.

Cite this article as: Cha SI, Shin KM, Lim JK, Yoo SS, Lee SY, Lee J, Kim CH, Park JY, Lee WK, Jung CY. Pulmonary embolism concurrent with lung cancer and central emboli predict mortality in patients with lung cancer and pulmonary embolism. J Thorac Dis 2018;10(3):E242. doi: 10.21037/jtd.2018.03.142