<u>Materials Design Analysis Reporting (MDAR)</u> Checklist for Authors

The MDAR framework establishes a minimum set of requirements in transparent reporting applicable to studies in the life sciences (see Statement of Task: doi:10.31222/osf.io/9sm4x.). The MDAR checklist is a tool for authors, editors and others seeking to adopt the MDAR framework for transparent reporting in manuscripts and other outputs. Please refer to the MDAR Elaboration Document for additional context for the MDAR framework.

Materials

Antibodies	Yes (indicate where provided: section/paragraph)	n/a
For commercial reagents, provide supplier		./
name, catalogue number and RRID, if available.		•

Cell materials	Yes (indicate where provided: section/paragraph)	n/a
Cell lines: Provide species information, strain.		
Provide accession number in repository OR		✓
supplier name, catalog number, clone number, OR RRID		
Primary cultures: Provide species, strain, sex of		
origin, genetic modification status.		✓

Experimental animals	Yes (indicate where provided: section/paragraph)	n/a
Laboratory animals: Provide species, strain, sex, age,		
genetic modification status. Provide accession		./
number in repository OR supplier name, catalog		•
number, clone number, OR RRID		
Animal observed in or captured from the		
field: Provide species, sex and age where		✓
possible		
Model organisms: Provide Accession number		
in repository (where relevant) OR RRID		•

Plants and microbes	Yes (indicate where provided: section/paragraph)	n/a
Plants: provide species and strain, unique accession number if available, and source (including location for collected wild specimens)		✓
Microbes: provide species and strain, unique accession number if available, and source		✓

Human research participants	Yes (indicate where provided: section/paragraph)	n/a
Identify authority granting ethics approval (IRB or equivalent committee(s), provide reference number for approval.	This study was conducted in accordance with the Declaration of Helsinki. The study was approved by the Medical Ethics Committees at the Zhujiang Hospital of Southern Medical University (NO.2019-KY-077-01) and informed consent was taken from all the patients.	
Provide statement confirming informed consent obtained from study participants.	All participants completed written consent.	
Report on age and sex for all study participants.	All study participants were female, and in the 23-46 age range.	

Design

Study protocol	Yes (indicate where provided: section/paragraph)	n/a
For clinical trials, provide the trial registration number OR cite DOI in manuscript.		✓

Laboratory protocol	Yes (indicate where provided: section/paragraph)	n/a
Provide DOI or other citation details if detailed step-		./
by-step protocols are available.		

Experimental study design (statistics details)	Yes (indicate where provided: section/paragraph)	n/a
State whether and how the following have been	Further follow-up was completed via outpatient visit	
done , or if they were not carried out.	and telephone contact every three months for at least	
	six months.	
Sample size determination	Previous studies on endometrial flora showed that the	
	total sample size ranged from 10 to 110 cases, and the	
	sample size fluctuated between 4 and 79 cases per	
	group. Thus, our sample size is consistent with previous	
	reports, but a statistics-based sample size is more	
	rigorous and persuasive.	
Randomisation		,
Blinding		٧
Inclusion/exclusion criteria	Subjects eligible for Group IUA met the following	
	criterion: diagnostic hysteroscopy confirmed the	
	presence of adhesions in the intrauterine cavity. The	
	inclusion criteria in Group C were the following:	
	hysteroscopy and subsequent endometrial pathology	
	excluded the lesions in the intrauterine cavity. The	
	exclusive criteria of all participants were: women who	
	had taken antibiotics within three weeks preoperation,	
	other intrauterine lesions such as endometrial polyps,	
	submucosal myoma, endometrial cancer and	
	endometrial hyperplasia, coagulopathy, vaginitis and	
	acute pelvic inflammatory disease.	

Sample definition and in-laboratory replication	Yes (indicate where provided: section/paragraph)	n/a
State number of times the experiment was		./
replicated in laboratory		•
Define whether data describe technical or biological		./
replicates		v

Ethics	Yes (indicate where provided: section/paragraph)	n/a
Studies involving human participants: State details of authority granting ethics approval (IRB or equivalent committee(s), provide reference number for approval.	This study was conducted in accordance with the Declaration of Helsinki. The study was approved by the Medical Ethics Committees at the Zhujiang Hospital of Southern Medical University (NO.2019-KY-077-01) and informed consent was taken from all the patients.	
Studies involving experimental animals: State details of authority granting ethics approval (IRB or equivalent committee(s), provide reference number for approval.		✓
Studies involving specimen and field samples: State if relevant permits obtained, provide details of authority approving study; if none were required, explain why.	This study was conducted in accordance with the Declaration of Helsinki. The study was approved by the Medical Ethics Committees at the Zhujiang Hospital of Southern Medical University (NO.2019-KY-077-01) and informed consent was taken from all the patients.	

Dual Use Research of Concern (DURC)	Yes (indicate where provided: section/paragraph)	n/a
If study is subject to dual use research of concern,		
state the authority granting approval and reference		✓
number for the regulatory approval		

Analysis

Attrition	Yes (indicate where provided: section/paragraph)	n/a
State if sample or data point from the analysis is		
excluded, and whether the criteria for exclusion were		✓
determined and specified in advance.		

Statistics	Yes (indicate where provided: section/paragraph)	n/a
Describe statistical tests used and justify choice of	Statistical analysis was performed with Statistical	
tests.	Product and Service Solutions (SPSS) (version 20.0). Data	
	normality was tested with the Kolmogorov-Smirnov test.	
	Homogeneity of variance was detected with the Levene	
	test. Data were presented as means ± standard	
	deviations. Data were compared by the Mann-Whitney	
	test or the Kruskal-Wallis analysis of variance on ranks,	
	followed by Dunn's tests to adjust for multiple	
	comparisons as appropriate. The statistical significance	
	was set at two-side $P < 0.05$.	

Data Availability	Yes (indicate where provided: section/paragraph)	n/a
State whether newly created datasets are available,	Patient demographics and perioperative data were	
including protocols for access or restriction on	collected from electronic patient record systems.	
access.		
If data are publicly available, provide accession		1
number in repository or DOI or URL.		•
If publicly available data are reused, provide		
accession number in repository or DOI or URL, where		✓
possible.		

Code Availability	Yes (indicate where provided: section/paragraph)	n/a
For all newly generated code and software essential		✓
for replicating the main findings of the study:		
State whether the code or software is available.		✓
If code is publicly available, provide accession		1
number in repository, or DOI or URL.		•

Reporting

Adherence to community standards	Yes (indicate where provided: section/paragraph)	n/a
MDAR framework recommends adoption of	Yes	
discipline-specific guidelines, established and		
endorsed through community initiatives. Journals		
have their own policy about requiring specific		
guidelines and recommendations to complement		
MDAR.		
State if relevant guidelines (eg., ICMJE, MIBBI,	ICMJE guidelines were followed, as the journal follows	
ARRIVE) have been followed, and whether a checklist	ICMJE recommendations for publication.	
(eg., CONSORT, PRISMA, ARRIVE) is provided with		
the manuscript.		

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