Section/item	ltem No	Recommendation	Reported on Page Number/Line Number	Reported on Section/Paragraph
Title and abstract	1	(a) Indicate the study's design with a commonly used term in the title or the abstract	Page 1/Line 1	Title/Paragraph 1
		(b) Provide in the abstract an informative and balanced summary of what was done and what was found	Page 2/Line 23-46	Abstract/Paragraph 3
Introduction				
Background/ rationale	2	Explain the scientific background and rationale for the investigation being reported	Page 3/Line 49-78	Introduction/Paragraph 1
Objectives	3	State specific objectives, including any prespecified hypotheses	Page 3 /Line 75-77	Introduction/Paragraph 2
Methods				
Study design	4	Present key elements of study design early in the paper	Page 3/Line 81-87	Methods/Paragraph1
Setting	5	Describe the setting, locations, and relevant dates, including periods of recruitment, exposure, follow-up, and data collection	Page 3/Line 81-87	Methods/Paragraph1
Participants	6	 (a) Cohort study – Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of selection of participants. Describe methods of follow-up Case-control study – Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of case ascertainment and control selection. Give the rationale for the choice of cases and controls Cross-sectional study – Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of selection of participants 	Page 3/Line 81-87	Methods/Paragraph1
		(b) Cohort study —For matched studies, give matching criteria and number of exposed and unexposed Case-control study —For matched studies, give matching criteria and the number of controls per case	NA	NA
Variables	7	Clearly define all outcomes, exposures, predictors, potential confounders, and effect modifiers. Give diagnostic criteria, if applicable	Page 4-5/Line 95-137	Methods/Paragraph 2-4
Data sources/ measurement	8*	For each variable of interest, give sources of data and details of methods of assessment (measurement). Describe comparability of assessment methods if there is more than one group	Page 5/Line 139-146	Methods/Paragraph 5
Bias	9	Describe any efforts to address potential sources of bias	NA	NA
Study size	10	Explain how the study size was arrived at	Page 5/Line 158-161	Results/Paragraph 1
Quantitative variables	11	Explain how quantitative variables were handled in the analyses. If applicable, describe which groupings were chosen and why	NA	NA

STROBE Statement-checklist of items that should be included in reports of observational studies

12	(a) Describe all statistical methods, including those used to control for confounding	Page 5/Line 148-155	Methods/Paragraph 5
	(b) Describe any methods used to examine subgroups and interactions	Page 5/Line 148-155	Methods/Paragraph 5
	(c) Explain how missing data were addressed	Page 5/Line 158-161	Results/Paragraph1
	(d) Cohort study —If applicable, explain how loss to follow-up was addressed Case-control study —If applicable, explain how matching of cases and controls was addressed Cross-sectional study —If applicable, describe analytical methods taking account of sampling strategy	NA	NA
	(e) Describe any sensitivity analyses	Page 5/Line 148-155	Methods/Paragraph 5
13*	(a) Report numbers of individuals at each stage of study—eg numbers potentially eligible, examined for eligibility, confirmed eligible, included in the study, completing follow-up, and analysed	Page 5/Line 158-161	Results/Paragraph 1
	(b) Give reasons for non-participation at each stage	Page 5/Line 158-161	Results/Paragraph 1
	(c) Consider use of a flow diagram	NA	NA
14*	(a) Give characteristics of study participants (eg demographic, clinical, social) and information on exposures and potential confounders	Page 5/Line 158-161	Results/Paragraph 1
	(b) Indicate number of participants with missing data for each variable of interest	Page 5/Line 158-161	Results/Paragraph 1
	(c) Cohort study —Summarise follow-up time (eg, average and total amount)	Page 6-7/Line 170-182	Results/Paragraph 2-3
15*	Cohort study – Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures over time	Page 6-7/Line 170-182	Results/Paragraph 2-3
	Case-control study – Report numbers in each exposure category, or summary measures of exposure	NA	NA
	Cross-sectional study – Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures	NA	NA
16	(a) Give unadjusted estimates and, if applicable, confounder-adjusted estimates and their precision (eg, 95% confidence interval). Make clear which confounders were adjusted for and why they were included	Page 6/Line 170-182	Results/Paragraph 2
	(b) Report category boundaries when continuous variables were categorized	Page 6/Line 170-182	Results/Paragraph 2
	(c) If relevant, consider translating estimates of relative risk into absolute risk for a meaningful time period	Page 6/Line 170-182	Results/Paragraph 2
17	Report other analyses done-eg analyses of subgroups and interactions, and sensitivity analyses	Page 6/Line 184-190	Results/Paragraph 3
18	Summarise key results with reference to study objectives	Page 6/Line 192-202	Discussion/Paragraph 1
19	Discuss limitations of the study, taking into account sources of potential bias or imprecision. Discuss both direction	Page 8/Line 273-279	Discussion/Paragraph 6
	13* 14* 15* 16 17 18	13* (a) Report numbers of individuals at each stage of study—eg numbers potentially eligible, examined for eligibility, confirmed eligible, included in the study.completing follow-up, and analysed 13* (a) Report numbers of individuals at each stage of study—eg numbers potentially eligible, examined for eligibility, confirmed eligible, included in the study, completing follow-up, and analysed 13* (a) Report numbers of a flow diagram 14* (a) Give characteristics of study participants (eg demographic, clinical, social) and information on exposures and potential confounders (b) Indicate number of participants with missing data for each variable of interest (c) Cohort study—Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures of exposure 15* Cohort study—Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures (a) Give unadjusted estimates and, if applicable, confounder-adjusted for and why they were included 16 (a) Give unadjusted estimates and, if applicable, confounders were adjusted for and why they were included 17* Cohort study—Report numbers of outcome sevents or summary measures (a) Give unadjusted estimates and, if applicable, confounder-adjusted estimates and their precision (eg, 95% confidence interval). Make clear which confounders were adjusted for and why they were included 17 Report other analyses done—eg analyses of subgroups and interactions, and sensitivity analyses	10 Describe any methods used to examine subgroups and interactions Page 5/Line 148.155 10 Explain how missing data were addressed Page 5/Line 148.155 11 (c) Cohort study—If applicable, explain how loss to follow-up was addressed NA 12 (c) Cohort study—If applicable, explain how matching of cases and controls was addressed NA 13 (c) Describe any sensitivity analyses Page 5/Line 148.155 13* (a) Report numbers of individuals at each stage of study—eg numbers potentially eligible, examined for eligibility, confirmed eligible, included in the study, completing follow-up, and analysed Page 5/Line 158.161 (b) Give reasons for non-participation at each stage Page 5/Line 158.161 (c) Consider use of a flow diagram 14* (a) Give characteristics of study participants (eg demographic, clinical, social) and information on exposures and potential confounders Page 5/Line 158.161 (c) Consider use of a flow diagram NA Page 5/Line 158.161 (c) Consider use of a participants with missing data for each variable of interest Page 5/Line 158.161 (d) Cohort study—Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures or exposure NA 15* Cohort study—Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures of exposure NA 16 (a) Givu unadjusted estinnates and, if applicable, co

Interpretation	20	Give a cautious overall interpretation of results considering objectives, limitations, multiplicity of analyses, results from similar studies, and other relevant evidence	Page 7/Line 246-272	Discussion/Paragraph 4-5				
Generalisability	21	Discuss the generalisability (external validity) of the study results	Page 7/Line 203-230	Discussion/Paragraph 2				
Other information								
Funding	22	Give the source of funding and the role of the funders for the present study and, if applicable, for the original study on which the present article is based	NA	NA				

*Give information separately for cases and controls in case-control studies and, if applicable, for exposed and unexposed groups in cohort and cross-sectional studies.

Note: An Explanation and Elaboration article discusses each checklist item and gives methodological background and published examples of transparent reporting. The STROBE checklist is best used in conjunction with this article (freely available on the Web sites of PLoS Medicine at http://www.plosmedicine.org/, Annals of Internal Medicine at http://www.annals.org/, and Epidemiology at http://www.epidem.com/). Information on the STROBE Initiative is available at www.strobe-statement.org.

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*As the checklist was provided upon initial submission, the page number/line number reported may be changed due to copyediting and may not be referable in the published version. In this case, the section/paragraph may be used as an alternative reference.