Standards for Reporting Qualitative Research (SRQR)

No.	Topic	Item	Manuscript page
	Title and abstract		
51	Title	Concise description of the nature and topic of the study Identifying the study as qualitative or indicating the approach (e.g., ethnography, grounded theory) or data collection methods (e.g., interview, focus group) is recommended	\$1 Page 1
52	Abstract	Summary of key elements of the study using the abstract format of the intended publication; typically includes background, purpose, methods, results, and conclusions	S2 Page 1
	Introduction		S3 Page 1 – Page 3
3	Problem formulation	Description and significance of the problem/phenomenon studied; review of relevant theory and empirical work; problem statement	S4 Page 3
54	Purpose or research question	Purpose of the study and specific objectives or questions	
	Methods		S5 Page 4
55	Qualitative approach and research paradigm	Qualitative approach (e.g., ethnography, grounded theory, case study, phenomenology, narrative research) and guiding theory if appropriate; identifying the research paradigm (e.g., postpositivist, constructivist/ interpretivist) is also recommended; rationale ^b	
56	Researcher characteristics and reflexivity	Researchers' characteristics that may influence the research, including personal attributes, qualifications/experience, relationship with participants, assumptions, and/or presuppositions; potential or actual interaction between researchers' characteristics and the research questions, approach, methods, results, and/or transferability	\$6 Page 6
7	Context	Setting/site and salient contextual factors; rationale ^b	S7 Page 6
8	Sampling strategy	How and why research participants, documents, or events were selected; criteria for deciding when no further sampling was necessary (e.g., sampling saturation); rationale ^b	S8 Page 5
59	Ethical issues pertaining to human subjects	Documentation of approval by an appropriate ethics review board and participant consent, or explanation for lack thereof; other confidentiality and data security issues	S9 Page 15
\$10	Data collection methods	Types of data collected; details of data collection procedures including (as appropriate) start and stop dates of data collection and analysis, iterative process, triangulation of sources/methods, and modification of procedures in response to evolving study findings; rationale ^b	\$10 Page 6
511	Data collection instruments and technologies	Description of instruments (e.g., interview guides, questionnaires) and devices (e.g., audio recorders) used for data collection; if/how the instrument(s) changed over the course of the study	S11 Page 6
512	Units of study	Number and relevant characteristics of participants, documents, or events included in the study; level of participation (could be reported in results)	S12 Page 4
513	Data processing	Methods for processing data prior to and during analysis, including transcription, data entry, data management and security, verification of data integrity, data coding, and anonymization/deidentification of excerpts	S13 Page 6
514	Data analysis	Process by which inferences, themes, etc., were identified and developed, including the researchers involved in data analysis; usually references a specific paradigm or approach; rationale b	S14 Page 6- 7
515	Techniques to enhance trustworthiness	Techniques to enhance trustworthiness and credibility of data analysis (e.g., member checking, audit trail, triangulation); rationale ^b	S15 Page 7
	Results/findings		S16 Page 7- 11
16	Synthesis and interpretation	Main findings (e.g., interpretations, inferences, and themes); might include development of a theory or model, or integration with prior research or theory	S17 Page 7- 11
517	Links to empirical data	Evidence (e.g., quotes, field notes, text excerpts, photographs) to substantiate analytic findings	
	Discussion		
518	Integration with prior work, implications, transferability, and contribution(s) to the field	Short summary of main findings; explanation of how findings and conclusions connect to, support, elaborate on, or challenge conclusions of earlier scholarship; discussion of scope of application/ generalizability; identification of unique contribution(s) to scholarship in a discipline or field	S18 Page 11- 13
519	Limitations	Trustworthiness and limitations of findings	S19 Page 14
	Other		
520	Conflicts of interest	Potential sources of influence or perceived influence on study conduct and conclusions; how these were managed	S20 Page 15
521	Funding	Sources of funding and other support; role of funders in data collection, interpretation, and reporting	N/A
critical apprais contacting expresearch by pre The rationale st rather than ot	eated the SRQR by searching the literature to identify guidelines, re sall criteria for qualitative research; reviewing the reference lists of re perts to gain feedback. The SRQR aims to improve the transparency owiding clear standards for reporting qualitative research, should briefly discuss the justification for choosing that theory, app her options available, the assumptions and limitations implicit in the nce study conclusions and transferability. As appropriate, the ration.	trieved sources; and of all aspects of qualitative oach, method, or technique se choices, and how those	

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*As the checklist was provided upon initial submission, the page number reported may be changed due to copyediting and may not be referable in the published version.