## AB071. SOH21AS091. The impact of coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) on the management of hand fractures: a concordance study through inter-rater reliability

Firas Raheman, Djamila Rojoa, Esemee Irvine, Lotte Maercklin, Christopher Macdonald, Lucy Cutler

Department of Orthopaedics, Leicester Royal Infirmary, Leicester, UK

Background: The current global pandemic due to coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) is generating significant burden on health services. As a result, management of hand trauma has evolved to incorporate assessment, treatment and rehabilitation of patients in a 'one-stop' clinic on initial presentation. Whilst it is early to qualitatively assess the impact of these changes, we must evaluate the potential effect of COVID-19 on surgical management of patients with hand fractures. Our aim was to determine interrater agreement between hand surgeons and concordance of hand fracture management during the COVID-19 period

Methods: Patients with hand fractures were consecutively assessed from March 2020 to May 2020. Demographic data, mechanism of injury, fracture patterns and type of management (operative vs. conservative) were recorded. Radiographic images of randomised patients were obtained using PACS (picture archiving and communications system). Two experienced hand surgeons (Consultant-1 and Consultant-2) blinded to management and outcomes independently reviewed the radiographic images and relevant clinical history to provide their opinion on optimal treatment. Weighted kappa analysis was performed to determine concordance and interrater agreement between the two hand surgeons and actual management.

Results: A total of 268 patients were identified, of which 82 had fractures involving tubular bones of the hand. Sixtytwo were male and 20 were female. Mean age was 40.3 (SD 19.7). Mechanism of injury was often secondary to homerelated injuries (34%) and falls (28%). Fractures involving the metacarpals (n=24) and distal phalanx (n=20) were most commonly seen. Thirty-five patients underwent operative treatment whereas 47 were managed conservatively. Overall agreement between actual management and both consultant-1 and consultant-2 was moderate (κ=0.55, P<0.0001 and  $\kappa$ =0.63, P<0.0001, respectively). There was weak agreement between actual management of metacarpal fractures and both consultant-1 and consultant-2 ( $\kappa$ =0.22, P=0.29 and  $\kappa$ =0.47, P=0.02, respectively). In contrast, good agreement was observed for proximal and middle phalanx fractures and actual management ( $\kappa$ =0.82, P=0.001 and  $\kappa$ =0.84, P=0.002 respectively). Interrater agreement was substantial for management of metacarpal fractures ( $\kappa$ =0.73, P<0.0001).

Conclusions: Our study has shown that COVID-19 may have affected the decision making and counselling of patients with hand fractures. Lack of concordance was observed in the management of metacarpals through substantial interrater agreement but overall poor agreement. **Keywords:** Coronavirus; hand fractures; management; outcomes; trauma

## **Acknowledgments**

Funding: None.

## **Footnote**

*Conflicts of Interest*: The authors have no conflicts of interest to declare.

Ethical Statement: The authors are accountable for all aspects of the work in ensuring that questions related to the accuracy or integrity of any part of the work are appropriately investigated and resolved.

Open Access Statement: This is an Open Access article

distributed in accordance with the Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-NoDerivs 4.0 International License (CC BY-NC-ND 4.0), which permits the noncommercial replication and distribution of the article with the strict proviso that no changes or edits are made and the original work is properly cited (including links to both the formal publication through the relevant DOI and the license). See: https://creativecommons.org/

licenses/by-nc-nd/4.0/.

doi: 10.21037/map-21-ab071

Cite this abstract as: Raheman F, Rojoa D, Irvine E, Maercklin L, Macdonald C, Cutler L. The impact of coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) on the management of hand fractures: a concordance study through inter-rater reliability. Mesentery Peritoneum 2021;5:AB071.