STROBE Statement—checklist of items that should be included in reports of observational studies

	Item No	Recommendation	Page No
Title and abstract	1	(a) Indicate the study's design with a commonly used term in the title	Title—Page 1
		or the abstract	Abstract—Page 2, Methods section
		(b) Provide in the abstract an informative and balanced summary of	Page 2, Results section
		what was done and what was found	
Introduction			
Background/rationale	2	Explain the scientific background and rationale for the investigation being reported	Page 4, Paragraphs 1—3
Objectives	3	State specific objectives, including any prespecified hypotheses	Page 4, Paragraph 3
Methods		1 3 / 5 / 1	<i>C</i>
Study design	4	Present key elements of study design early in the paper	Page 5, Paragraph 1
			Page 5, Paragraphs 1—2
Setting	5	Describe the setting, locations, and relevant dates, including periods	rage 3, Paragraphs 1—2
Dentisionanto		of recruitment, exposure, follow-up, and data collection	D 5 D
Participants	6	(a) Cohort study—Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and	Page 5, Paragraph 1
		methods of selection of participants. Describe methods of follow-up	
		Case-control study—Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and	
		methods of case ascertainment and control selection. Give the	
		rationale for the choice of cases and controls	
		Cross-sectional study—Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources	
		and methods of selection of participants	
		(b) Cohort study—For matched studies, give matching criteria and	
		number of exposed and unexposed	
		Case-control study—For matched studies, give matching criteria and	
		the number of controls per case	
Variables	7	Clearly define all outcomes, exposures, predictors, potential	Page 5, Paragraph 2
		confounders, and effect modifiers. Give diagnostic criteria, if	
		applicable	
Data sources/	8*	For each variable of interest, give sources of data and details of	Page 5, Paragraph 2
measurement		methods of assessment (measurement). Describe comparability of	
		assessment methods if there is more than one group	
Bias	9	Describe any efforts to address potential sources of bias	Page 6, Paragraph 2
Study size	10	Explain how the study size was arrived at	Page 5, Paragraph 1
Quantitative variables	11	Explain how quantitative variables were handled in the analyses. If	Page 6, Paragraph 2
		applicable, describe which groupings were chosen and why	- 18 v, - 1118-11-1
Statistical methods	12	(a) Describe all statistical methods, including those used to control for	Page 6, Paragraph 2
	12	confounding	ruge o, rurugrupii 2
		(b) Describe any methods used to examine subgroups and interactions	Page 6, Paragraph 2
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		(c) Explain how missing data were addressed	Page 6, Paragraph 2
		(d) Cohort study—If applicable, explain how loss to follow-up was	
		addressed	
		Case-control study—If applicable, explain how matching of cases and	
		controls was addressed	
		Cross-sectional study—If applicable, describe analytical methods	
		taking account of sampling strategy	

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Results				
Participants 13		(a) Report numbers of individuals at each stage of study—eg numbers potentially eligible, examined for eligibility, confirmed eligible, included in the study, completing follow-up, and analysed	Page 5, Paragraph 1	
		(b) Give reasons for non-participation at each stage	N/A—All patients were included from the National Cancer Database.	
		(c) Consider use of a flow diagram		
Descriptive data	14*	(a) Give characteristics of study participants (eg demographic, clinical, social) and information on exposures and potential confounders	Page 6, Paragraph 2	
		(b) Indicate number of participants with missing data for each variable of interest	Page 6, Paragraph 2	
		(c) Cohort study—Summarise follow-up time (eg, average and total amount)	Page 8, Paragraph 2	
Outcome data 15*	15*	Cohort study—Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures over time	Page 7, Paragraph 3 Page 8, Paragraphs 1—3	
		Case-control study—Report numbers in each exposure category, or summary measures of exposure		
		Cross-sectional study—Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures		
Main results 16	16	(a) Give unadjusted estimates and, if applicable, confounder-adjusted estimates and their precision (eg, 95% confidence interval). Make clear which confounders were adjusted for and why they were included	Page 7, Paragraphs 1—2 Page 8, Paragraphs 1—2	
		(b) Report category boundaries when continuous variables were categorized	Page 17, Table 1	
		(c) If relevant, consider translating estimates of relative risk into absolute risk for a meaningful time period		
Other analyses	17	Report other analyses done—eg analyses of subgroups and interactions, and sensitivity analyses	Page 7, Paragraphs 2—3	
Discussion				
Key results	18	Summarise key results with reference to study objectives	Page 8, Paragraph 4 Page 9, Paragraph 2	
Limitations	19	Discuss limitations of the study, taking into account sources of potential bias or imprecision. Discuss both direction and magnitude of any potential bias		
Interpretation	20 Give a cautious overall interpretation of results considering objectives, limitations, multiplicity of analyses, results from similar studies, and other relevant evidence		Page 11, Paragraph	
Generalisability	21	Discuss the generalisability (external validity) of the study results	Page 11, Paragraph 1	
Other informati	ion			
Funding	22	Give the source of funding and the role of the funders for the present study and, if applicable, for the original study on which the present article is based	Page 11, Acknowledgments section	

^{*}Give information separately for cases and controls in case-control studies and, if applicable, for exposed and unexposed groups in cohort and cross-sectional studies.

Note: An Explanation and Elaboration article discusses each checklist item and gives methodological background and published examples of transparent reporting. The STROBE checklist is best used in conjunction with this article (freely available on the Web sites of PLoS Medicine at http://www.plosmedicine.org/, Annals of Internal Medicine at http://www.annals.org/, and Epidemiology at http://www.epidem.com/). Information on the STROBE Initiative is available at www.strobe-statement.org.

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*As the checklist was provided upon initial submission, the page number reported may be changed due to copyediting and may not be referable in the published version.