Section/item	ltem No	Recommendation	Reported on Page Number/Line Number	Reported on Section/Paragraph
Title and abstract	1	(a) Indicate the study's design with a commonly used term in the title or the abstract	3	Abstract
		(b) Provide in the abstract an informative and balanced summary of what was done and what was found	3	Abstract
Introduction				
Background/ rationale	2	Explain the scientific background and rationale for the investigation being reported	10-12	Introduction
Objectives	3	State specific objectives, including any prespecified hypotheses	12	Introduction
Methods				
Study design	4	Present key elements of study design early in the paper	12-13	Methods
Setting	5	Describe the setting, locations, and relevant dates, including periods of recruitment, exposure, follow-up, and data collection	13	Methods
Participants	6	 (a) Cohort study—Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of selection of participants. Describe methods of follow-up Case-control study—Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of case ascertainment and control selection. Give the rationale for the choice of cases and controls Cross-sectional study—Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of selection of participants 	-	-
		(b) Cohort study —For matched studies, give matching criteria and number of exposed and unexposed Case-control study —For matched studies, give matching criteria and the number of controls per case	-	-
Variables	7	Clearly define all outcomes, exposures, predictors, potential confounders, and effect modifiers. Give diagnostic criteria, if applicable	13	Methods
Data sources/ measurement	8*	For each variable of interest, give sources of data and details of methods of assessment (measurement). Describe comparability of assessment methods if there is more than one group	13	Methods
Bias	9	Describe any efforts to address potential sources of bias	13-14	Methods
Study size	10	Explain how the study size was arrived at	13	Methods
Quantitative variables	11	Explain how quantitative variables were handled in the analyses. If applicable, describe which groupings were chosen and why	14	Methods

STROBE Statement-checklist of items that should be included in reports of observational studies

12	(a) Describe all statistical methods, including those used to control for confounding	13-14	Methods
	(b) Describe any methods used to examine subgroups and interactions	-	-
	(c) Explain how missing data were addressed	-	-
	(d) Cohort study —If applicable, explain how loss to follow-up was addressed Case-control study —If applicable, explain how matching of cases and controls was addressed Cross-sectional study —If applicable, describe analytical methods taking account of sampling strategy	-	-
	(e) Describe any sensitivity analyses	-	-
13*	(a) Report numbers of individuals at each stage of study—eg numbers potentially eligible, examined for eligibility, confirmed eligible, included in the study, completing follow-up, and analysed	15	Results
	(b) Give reasons for non-participation at each stage	-	-
	(c) Consider use of a flow diagram	-	-
14*	(a) Give characteristics of study participants (eg demographic, clinical, social) and information on exposures and potential confounders	15-17	Results
	(b) Indicate number of participants with missing data for each variable of interest	-	-
	(c) Cohort study -Summarise follow-up time (eg, average and total amount)	-	-
15*	Cohort study – Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures over time	w matching of cases and controls was addressed - - e analytical methods taking account of sampling strategy - - e of study—eg numbers potentially eligible, examined for eligibility, oleting follow-up, and analysed 15 Results stage - - - g demographic, clinical, social) and information on exposures and 15.17 Results g data for each variable of interest - - (eg, average and total amount) - - vents or summary measures over time - - n exposure category, or summary measures 15-17 Results e, confounder-adjusted estimates and their precision (eg, 95% nders were categorized - - nus variables were categorized - - - relative risk into absolute risk for a meaningful time period - - - objectives 20 Discussion - -	-
	Case-control study – Report numbers in each exposure category, or summary measures of exposure	-	-
	Cross-sectional study – Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures	- - - - and 15-17 Results - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 15-17 Results - - 15-17 Results - - <td>Results</td>	Results
16	(a) Give unadjusted estimates and, if applicable, confounder-adjusted estimates and their precision (eg, 95% confidence interval). Make clear which confounders were adjusted for and why they were included	-	-
	(b) Report category boundaries when continuous variables were categorized	=	=
	(c) If relevant, consider translating estimates of relative risk into absolute risk for a meaningful time period	=	=
17	Report other analyses done-eg analyses of subgroups and interactions, and sensitivity analyses	-	-
18	Summarise key results with reference to study objectives	20	Discussion
19	Discuss limitations of the study, taking into account sources of potential bias or imprecision. Discuss both direction and magnitude of any potential bias	25	Discussion
	13* 14* 15* 16 17 18	(b) Describe any methods used to examine subgroups and interactions (c) Explain how missing data were addressed (d) Cohort study—If applicable, explain how loss to follow-up was addressed Case-control study—If applicable, explain how matching of cases and controls was addressed Cross-sectional study—If applicable, explain how matching of cases and controls was addressed (e) Describe any sensitivity analyses 13* (a) Report numbers of individuals at each stage of study—eg numbers potentially eligible, examined for eligibility, confirmed eligible, included in the study, completing follow-up, and analysed (b) Give reasons for non-participation at each stage (c) Consider use of a flow diagram 14* (a) Give characteristics of study participants (eg demographic, clinical, social) and information on exposures and potential confounders (b) Indicate number of participants with missing data for each variable of interest (c) Cohort study—Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures over time 15* Cohort study—Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures 16 (a) Give unadjusted estimates and, if applicable, confounder-adjusted for and why they were included (b) Report category boundaries when continuous variables were categorized (c) If relevant, consider translating estimates of relative risk into absolute risk for a meaningful time period 17 Report other analyses done—eg analyses of subgroups and interactions, and sensitivity a	(b) Describe any methods used to examine subgroups and interactions - (c) Explain how missing data were addressed - (d) Cohort study—If applicable, explain how loss to follow-up was addressed - Cross-sectional study—If applicable, explain how loss to follow-up was addressed - Cross-sectional study—If applicable, explain how loss to follow-up was addressed - (a) Report numbers of individuals at each stage of study—eg numbers potentially eligible, examined for eligibility, confirmed eligible, included in the study, completing follow-up, and analysed 15 (c) Consider use of a flow diagram - - 14* (a) Give characteristics of study participants (eg demographic, clinical, social) and information on exposures and potential confounders 15 17 (b) Indicate number of participants (eg demographic, clinical, social) and information on exposures and potential confounders - (c) Cohort study—Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures of exposure - (c) Cohort study—Report numbers in each exposure category, or summary measures 15-17 15 Cohort study—Report numbers in each exposure categorized - (c) If relevant, consider translating estimates of events or summary measures 15-17 16 (a) Give unadjusted estimates and, if applicable, confounder-adjusted estimat

Interpretation	20	Give a cautious overall interpretation of results considering objectives, limitations, multiplicity of analyses, results from similar studies, and other relevant evidence	22-25	Discussion
Generalisability	21	21 Discuss the generalisability (external validity) of the study results		Discussion
Other information				
Funding	22	Give the source of funding and the role of the funders for the present study and, if applicable, for the original study on which the present article is based	28	Funding

*Give information separately for cases and controls in case-control studies and, if applicable, for exposed and unexposed groups in cohort and cross-sectional studies.

Note: An Explanation and Elaboration article discusses each checklist item and gives methodological background and published examples of transparent reporting. The STROBE checklist is best used in conjunction with this article (freely available on the Web sites of PLoS Medicine at http://www.plosmedicine.org/, Annals of Internal Medicine at http://www.annals.org/, and Epidemiology at http://www.epidem.com/). Information on the STROBE Initiative is available at www.strobe-statement.org.

Article information: http://dx.doi.org/10.21037/jhmhp-20-142

*As the checklist was provided upon initial submission, the page number/line number reported may be changed due to copy editing and may not be referable in the published version. In this case, the section/paragraph may be used as an alternative reference.

<u>Materials Design Analysis Reporting (MDAR)</u> Checklist for Authors

The MDAR framework establishes a minimum set of requirements in transparent reporting applicable to studies in the life sciences (see Statement of Task: doi:10.31222/osf.io/9sm4x.). The MDAR checklist is a tool for authors, editors and others seeking to adopt the MDAR framework for transparent reporting in manuscripts and other outputs. Please refer to the MDAR Elaboration Document for additional context for the MDAR framework.

Materials

Antibodies	Yes (indicate where provided: section/paragraph)	n/a
For commercial reagents, provide supplier		х
name, catalogue number and RRID, if available.		
Cell materials	Yes (indicate where provided: section/paragraph)	n/a
Cell lines: Provide species information, strain.		х
Provide accession number in repository OR		
supplier name, catalog number, clone number, OR RRID		
Primary cultures: Provide species, strain, sex of		х
origin, genetic modification status.		
Experimental animals	Yes (indicate where provided: section/paragraph)	n/a
Laboratory animals: Provide species, strain, sex, age,		х
genetic modification status. Provide accession		
number in repository OR supplier name, catalog		
number, clone number, OR RRID		
Animal observed in or captured from the		х
field: Provide species, sex and age where		
possible		
Model organisms: Provide Accession number		х
in repository (where relevant) OR RRID		
Plants and microbes	Yes (indicate where provided: section/paragraph)	n/a
Plants: provide species and strain, unique accession		х
number if available, and source (including location		
for collected wild specimens)		
Microbes: provide species and strain, unique		х
accession number if available, and source		
Human research participants	Yes (indicate where provided: section/paragraph)	n/a
Identify authority granting ethics approval (IRB or	Research Ethics Committee (Kowloon Central/Kowloon	
equivalent committee(s), provide reference number	East) Ref: KC/KE-20-0123/ER-1	
for approval.	Page 13, Line 232	
Provide statement confirming informed consent		х
obtained from study participants.		
Report on age and sex for all study participants.		х

<u>Design</u>

Study protocol	Yes (indicate where provided: section/paragraph)	n/a
For clinical trials, provide the trial registration number OR cite DOI in manuscript.		x
Laboratory protocol	Yes (indicate where provided: section/paragraph)	n/a
Provide DOI or other citation details if detailed step- by-step protocols are available.		x
Experimental study design (statistics details)	Yes (indicate where provided: section/paragraph)	n/a
State whether and how the following have been done, or if they were not carried out.		
Sample size determination Randomisation	Page 12, Line 205	x
Blinding		x
Inclusion/exclusion criteria	Page 12, Line 205	
Sample definition and in-laboratory replication	Yes (indicate where provided: section/paragraph)	n/a
State number of times the experiment was replicated in laboratory		x
Define whether data describe technical or biological replicates		x
Ethics	Yes (indicate where provided: section/paragraph)	n/a
Studies involving human participants: State details of authority granting ethics approval (IRB or equivalent committee(s), provide reference number for approval.	Research Ethics Committee (Kowloon Central/Kowloon East) Ref: KC/KE-20-0123/ER-1 Page 13, Line 232	
Studies involving experimental animals: State details of authority granting ethics approval (IRB or equivalent committee(s), provide reference number for approval.		x
Studies involving specimen and field samples: State if relevant permits obtained, provide details of authority approving study; if none were required, explain why.		x
Dual Use Research of Concern (DURC)	Yes (indicate where provided: section/paragraph)	n/a
If study is subject to dual use research of concern, state the authority granting approval and reference number for the regulatory approval		x

<u>Analysis</u>

Attrition	Yes (indicate where provided: section/paragraph)	n/a
State if sample or data point from the analysis is		x
excluded, and whether the criteria for exclusion were		
determined and specified in advance.		
Statistics	Yes (indicate where provided: section/paragraph)	n/a
Describe statistical tests used and justify choice of	res (indicate where provided, section, paragraph)	
tests.		x
15315.		
Data Availability	Yes (indicate where provided: section/paragraph)	n/a
State whether newly created datasets are available,	Page 13, Line 235	
including protocols for access or restriction on		
access.		
If data are publicly available, provide accession		x
number in repository or DOI or URL.		
If publicly available data are reused, provide		x
accession number in repository or DOI or URL, where		
possible.		
Code Availability	Yes (indicate where provided: section/paragraph)	n/a
For all newly generated code and software essential	res (indicate where provided, section/paragraph)	x
for replicating the main findings of the study:		^
State whether the code or software is available.		×
		x
If code is publicly available, provide accession		х
number in repository, or DOI or URL.		

Reporting

Adherence to community standards	Yes (indicate where provided: section/paragraph)	n/a
MDAR framework recommends adoption of discipline-specific guidelines, established and endorsed through community initiatives. Journals have their own policy about requiring specific guidelines and recommendations to complement MDAR.		
State if relevant guidelines (eg., ICMJE, MIBBI, ARRIVE) have been followed, and whether a checklist (eg., CONSORT, PRISMA, ARRIVE) is provided with the manuscript.	Yes, STROBE reporting checklist has attached. ICMJE guidelines were followed, as the journal follows ICMJE recommendations for publication.	

Article information: http://dx.doi.org/10.21037/jhmhp-20-142