Appendix 1 Search strategy

PubMed (N=1294) (https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/)

- #1. "Preventive Health Services" [Mesh]
- #2. "Preventive Medicine" [Mesh]
- #3. "prevention and control" [Subheading]
- "preventive therapy" [Title/Abstract] #4.
- #5. "preventive measures" [Title/Abstract])
- #6. Prevent*[Title/Abstract]
- #7. safeguard[Title/Abstract]
- #8. precaution[Title/Abstract]
- #9. defense[Title/Abstract]
- #10. prophylaxis[Title/Abstract]
- #11. "prevention and control" [Title/Abstract]
- #12. #1-#11/OR
- #13. "Handwashing" [Mesh]
- #14. "hand washing*" [Title/Abstract]
- #15. "hand-washing" [Title/Abstract]
- #16. "hand-cleaning" [Title/Abstract]
- "hand hygiene" [Title/Abstract] #17.
- "wash* hand*" [Title/Abstract] #18.
- "clean hand*" [Title/Abstract] #19.
- #13-#19/OR #20.
- #21. Frequency [All fields]
- #22. Times[All fields]
- #23. Seldom[All fields]
- #24. Always[All fields]
- #25. often[All fields]
- #26. #21-#25/OR
- #27. #12 AND #20 AND #26

Cochrane library (N=133) (https://www.cochranelibrary. com/)

- MeSH descriptor: [Preventive Health Services] #1. explode all trees
- #2. MeSH descriptor: [Preventive Medicine] explode all trees
- #3. Prevent*:ti,ab,kw
- safeguard:ti,ab,kw #4.
- #5. precaution:ti,ab,kw
- #6. defense:ti,ab,kw
- #7. prophylaxis:ti,ab,kw
- #8. "prevention and control":ti,ab,kw
- "preventive therapy":ti,ab,kw #9.
- #10. "preventive measures":ti,ab,kw
- #11. #1-#10/OR
- #12. MeSH descriptor: [hand hygiene] explode all trees

- #13. "hand washing*":ti,ab,kw
- #14. "hand-washing":ti,ab,kw
- #15. "hand-cleaning":ti,ab,kw
- "wash* hand*":ti,ab,kw #16.
- #17. "clean hand*":ti,ab,kw
- #18. #12-#17/OR
- #19. Frequency
- Times #20.
- #21. seldom
- #22. always
- #23. often
- #24. #19-#23/OR
- #25. #11 AND #18 AND #24

Web of Science (N=962) (https://apps.webofknowledge. com/)

- #1. TOPIC: "Prevent*"
- #2. TOPIC: "safeguard"
- #3. TOPIC: "precaution"
- #4. TOPIC: "defense"
- #5. TOPIC: "prophylaxis"
- TOPIC: "prevention and control" #6.
- #7. TOPIC: "preventive therapy"
- TOPIC: "preventive measures" #8.
- #9. #1-#8/OR
- #10. TOPIC: "Handwashing*"
- #11. TOPIC: "hand washing*"
- #12. TOPIC: "hand-washing"
- #13. TOPIC: "hand-cleaning"
- #14. TOPIC: "hand hygiene"
- #15. TOPIC: "wash* hand*"
- TOPIC: "clean hand*" #16.
- #17. #10-#16/OR
- #18. All fields: "Frequency"
- #19. All fields: "times"
- #20. All fields: "seldom"
- All fields: "always" #21.
- #22. All fields: "often"
- #23. #18-#22/OR
- #24. #9 AND #17 AND #23

Embase (N=1349) (https://www.embase.com/)

- #1. 'prevention and control'/exp
- #2. 'defense'/exp
- #3. 'prophylaxis'/exp
- #4. 'Prevent*':ab,ti

- #5. 'safeguard ':ab,ti
- #6. 'precaution ':ab,ti
- #7. ' preventive therapy':ab,ti
- #8. 'preventive measures':ab,ti
- #9. #1-#8/OR
- #10. 'hand washing'/exp
- #11. 'handwashing*':ab,ti
- #12. 'hand washing*':ab,ti
- #13. 'hand-washing':ab,ti
- #14. 'hand-cleaning':ab,ti
- #15. 'hand hygiene':ab,ti
- #16. 'wash* hand*':ab,ti
- #17. 'clean hand*':ab,ti
- #18. #10-#17/OR
- #19. frequency
- #20. times
- #21. seldom
- #22. always
- #23. often
- #24. #19-#23/OR
- #25. #9 AND #18 AND #24

CBM (N=1376) (http://www.sinomed.ac.cn/)

- #1. "预防"[常用字段:智能]
- #2. "防控"[常用字段:智能]
- #3. "防护"[常用字段:智能]
- #4. "防治"[常用字段:智能]
- #5. "防患"[常用字段:智能]
- #6. "防御"[常用字段:智能]
- #7. "防卫"[常用字段:智能]
- #8. "防范"[常用字段:智能]
- #9. "公共卫生"[不加权:扩展]
- #10. "预防卫生服务"[不加权:扩展]
- #11. #1-#10/OR
- #12. "手卫生"[不加权:扩展]
- #13. "洗手"[常用字段:智能]
- #14. "手部清洁"[常用字段:智能]
- #15. #12-#14/OR
- #16. "次"[全部字段:智能]
- #17. "频率"[全部字段:智能]
- #18. #16 OR #17

#19. #11 AND #15 AND #18

Wan Fang (N=1421) (http://www.wanfangdata.com.cn/)

- #1. "预防"[主题]
- #2. "防控"[主题]
- #3. "防护"[主题]
- #4. "防治"[主题]
- #5. "防患"[主题]
- #6. "防御"[主题]
- #7. "防卫"[主题]
- #8. "防范"[主题]
- #9. #1-#8/OR
- #10. "洗手"[主题]
- #11. " 手卫生"[主题]
- #12. "手部清洁"[主题]
- #13. #10-#12/OR
- #14. "次"[全部]
- #15. "频率"[全部]
- #16. #14 OR #15
- #17. #9 AND #13 AND #16

CNKI (N=2029) (https://www.cnki.net/)

- #1. 预防[主题]
- #2. 防控「主题]
- #3. 防护[主题]
- #4. 防治[主题]
- #5. 防患[主题]
- #6. 防御[主题]
- #7. 防卫[主题]
- #8. 防范[主题]
- #9. #1-#8/OR
- #10. 洗手[主题]
- #11. 手卫生[主题]
- #12. 手部清洁[主题]
- #13. #10-#12/OR
- #14. 次[全文]
- #15. 频率[全文]
- #16. #14 OR #15
- #17. #9 AND #13 AND #16

Table S1 The risk of bias of randomized controlled trial

Study	Bias domains included in the Cochrane risk-of-bias								
	Random sequence generation	Allocation concealment		Incomplete outcome data. Assessments should be made for each main outcome (or class of outcomes)	Selective reporting	Other sources of bias			
Huang 2007, (20)	Low	Unclear	Unclear	Low	Unclear	Unclear			
Mangklakeree 2014, (27)	Low	Unclear	Unclear	Low	Unclear	Low			

Table S2 The risk of bias of cross-sectional studies

	Bias domains include in Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ)											
Study	Define the source of information (survey, record review)	and unexposed subjects (case		not cubiacte wara	Indicate if evaluators of subjective components of study were masked to other aspects of the status of the participants	Describe any assessments undertaken for quality assurance purposes (e.g., test/retest of primary outcome measurements)	exclusions from	contounding was	missing data	response rates and	Clarify what follow-up, if any, was expected and the percentage of patients for which in complete data or follow-up was obtained	
Thumma 2009, (38)	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Unclear	Unclear	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	

Table S3 The risk of bias of cohort and case-control studies

				Bias domair	ns include in Newcastl	e-Ottawa Quality Assessment Scale				
Study		Sele	ection			Comparability				
	Is the case definition adequate?	Representativeness of the cases	Selection of controls	Definition of controls	Study controls forselect the most important factor	Study controls for any additional factor (the criteria could be modified to indicate specific control for a second important factor	Ascertainment of expose	Same method of ascertainment for case and controls	Non-Response rate	Total points
Godoy 2012, (14	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		8★
Lau 2004, (1	* 5)	*	*	*	*		*	*		7★
Torner 2015, (26	*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	8★
Chen 2011, (25	* 5)	*		*	*	*		*	*	7★
Merk 2014, (37	*		*		*	*	*	*	*	7★

Newcastle-Ottawa Scale is a 'star system' and a star (★) means that the content of the study matches this item.

Table S4 GRADE evidence profile

No. of studies	Certainty assessment						No. of patients	Effect value	O and a limb	
	Risk of bias	Inconsistency	Indirectness	Imprecision	Other considerations	Sample	Intervention	Control	(95% CI)	Certainty
Prevent infections fi	rom diseases									
≤4 times/day vs. >	-4 times/day									
RCT (1)	Serious ¹	Serious ²	Not serious	Not serious	None	454	175	279	OR 0.99; (0.67 to 1.46)	⊕⊕○○ LOW
CCS (3)	Not serious	Serious ²	Not serious	Not serious	None	3,697	1,087	2,610	OR 0.45; (0.22 to 0.92)	⊕⊕○○ LOW
≤4 times/day vs. 5	5-10 times/day									
CCS (1)	Serious ¹	Not serious	Not serious	Not serious	None	2,250	626	1,624	OR 0.75; (0.63 to 0.91)	⊕⊕○○ LOW
≤4 times/day vs. >	-10 times/day									
CCS (1)	Serious ¹	Not serious	Not serious	Not serious	None	1,912	518	1,394	OR 0.65; (0.53 to 0.80)	⊕⊕○○ LOW
5-10 times/day vs.	. >10 times/day									
CCS (1)	Serious ¹	Not serious	Not serious	Not serious	None	2,012	482	15,30	OR 0.86; (0.70 to 1.06)	⊕⊕○○ LOW
≤10 times/day vs.	>10 times/day									
CCS (2)	Serious ¹	Serious ²	Not serious	Not serious	None	4,077	1,143	2,934	OR 0.59; (0.36 to 0.97)	⊕⊕○○ LOW
2-4 times/day vs.	5-9 times/day									
CS (1)	Not serious	Not serious	Not serious	Not serious	None	1,532	351	1,181	RR 1.08; (0.87 to 1.33)	⊕⊕○○ LOW
2-4 times/day vs.	10-19 times/day									
CS (1)	Not serious	Not serious	Not serious	Not serious	None	1,119	351	768	RR 1.22; (0.97 to 1.53)	⊕⊕○○ LOW
2-4 times/day vs.	≥20 times									
CS (1)	Not serious	Not serious	Not serious	Not serious	None	915	351	564	RR 1.03; (0.81 to 1.32)	⊕⊕○○ LOW
Episodes of diarrhe	al illness									
4 times/day vs. 7 t	times/day									
RCT (1)	Serious ¹	Not serious	Serious ³	Not serious	None	148	75	73	WMD -1.68; (-1.93 to -1.43)	⊕⊕○○ LOW

¹, downgrade one level: the risk of bias is high due to the limitations of study design; ², downgrade one level: heterogeneity of data synthesis results, I²>50%; ³, downgrade one level: population (AIDS patients) is indirect evidence. CI, confidence interval; OR, odd ratio; RR, risk ratio; WMD, weighted mean difference; RCT, randomized controlled trial; CCS, case-control study; CS, cohort study.

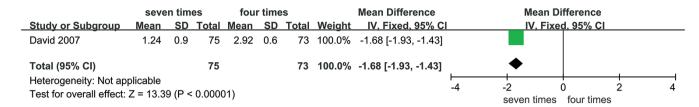


Figure S1 Comparison of the effect of hand washing 7 vs. 4 times per day on the prevention of diarrhea.