

Appendix 1

Detailed Search Methods

Ovid MEDLINE(R) ALL <1946 to March 08, 2022>

#	Search Statement	Results
1	exp Reperfusion Injury/	46662
2	((((reperfus* or IR or hypoxi* ischemi*) adj3 (injur* or damag* or necrosis or necrotic or hemorrhag* or haemorrhag* or (free adj2 radical*))) or ((hypox* or hemorrhagic) adj3 shock)).mp. or exp Shock, Hemorrhagic/ [mp=title, abstract, original title, name of substance word, subject heading word, floating sub-heading word, keyword heading word, organism supplementary concept word, protocol supplementary concept word, rare disease supplementary concept word, unique identifier, synonyms]	81057
3	1 or 2	81955
4	exp Cyclosporine/ or cyclosporin.ti,ab. or cyclosporine.ti,ab.	57197
5	("csa neural" or csaneoral or "cya nof" or "ol 27 400" or "ol 27400" or sandimmun).ti,ab.	344
6	("adi 628" or adi628 or equa or "cgc 1072" or cgc1072 or ciclomulsion or cicloral or cipol or consupren or cyclasol or cyclokat or "de 076" or de076 or deximune or equoral or gengraf or ikervis or iminoral or implanta or imusporin or "lx 201" or lx201 or "c2 03" or mc203 or "mtd 202" or mtd202 or neoral or neuro-stat or neurostat or "nm 0133" or "nm 133" or nm0133 or "nm133" or "nova 22007" or nova22007 or ol27400 or "olo 400" or olo500 or "opph 088" or opph088 or opsisorin or "otx 101" or otx101 or "p 3072" or p3072 or padciclo or papilock or pulminiq or restasis or restaysis or sanciclo or sanciclo or sandimmune or sandimun or sandimune or "sang 35" or sang35 or sangcya or "sp 14019" or "sti 0529" or sti0529 or "t 1580" or t1580 or verkazia or vekacia).ti,ab.	1418
7	4 or 5 or 6	57371
8	3 and 7	698
9	(invitro or "in vitro").mp. or Invitro Techniques/	1622947
10	9 not (invivo or "in vivo").mp. [mp=title, abstract, original title, name of substance word, subject heading word, floating sub-heading word, keyword heading word, organism supplementary concept word, protocol supplementary concept word, rare disease supplementary concept word, unique identifier, synonyms]	1144101
11	8 not 10	624
12	remove duplicates from 11	624

Embase <1974 to 2022 March 04>

#	Search Statement	Results
1	((((reperfus* or ir or hypoxi* ischemi*) adj3 (injur* or damag* or necrosis or necrotic or hemorrhag* or haemorrhag* or (free adj2 radical*))) or ((hypox* or hemorrhagic) adj3 shock)).mp. or exp hemorrhagic shock/	106648
2	exp reperfusion injury/	65519
3	1 or 2	106790
4	exp Cyclosporine/ or cyclosporin.ti,ab. or cyclosporine.ti,ab.	84079
5	("csa neural" or csaneoral or "cya nof" or neural or "ol 27 400" or "ol 27400" or sandimmun).tn.	2547
6	("adi 628" or adi628 or equa or "cgc 1072" or cgc1072 or ciclomulsion or cicloral or cipol or consupren or cyclasol or cyclokat or "de 076" or de076 or deximune or equoral or gengraf or ikervis or iminoral or implanta or imusporin or "lx 201" or lx201 or "c2 03" or mc203 or "mtd 202" or mtd202 or neoral or neuro-stat or neurostat or "nm 0133" or "nm 133" or nm0133 or "nm133" or "nova 22007" or nova22007 or ol27400 or "olo 400" or olo500 or "opph 088" or opph088 or opsisorin or "otx 101" or otx101 or "p 3072" or p3072 or padciclo or papilock or pulminiq or restasis or restaysis or sanciclo or sanciclo or sandimmune or sandimun or sandimune or "sang 35" or sang35 or sangcya or "sp 14019" or "sti 0529" or sti0529 or "t 1580" or t1580 or verkazia or vekacia).tn.	6795

7	4 or 5 or 6	87630
8	3 and 7	978
9	(invitro or "in vitro").mp. [mp=title, abstract, heading word, drug trade name, original title, device manufacturer, drug manufacturer, device trade name, keyword heading word, floating subheading word, candidate term word]	2257265
10	9 not (in vivo or "in vivo").mp. [mp=title, abstract, heading word, drug trade name, original title, device manufacturer, drug manufacturer, device trade name, keyword heading word, floating subheading word, candidate term word]	1598454
11	8 not 10	920
12	remove duplicates from 11	904

SCOPUS Searched March 8, 2022 Results = 1568

(((TITLE-ABS-KEY ((reperfus* OR ir OR "Hypoxi* ischemi*") W/3 (injur* OR damag* OR necrosis OR necrotic OR hemorrhag* OR haemorrhag*))) OR (TITLE-ABS-KEY ((reperfus* OR ir OR "Hypoxi* ischemi*") W/3 ("free radical*" OR "free oxygen radical*"))) OR (TITLE-ABS-KEY (((hypox* OR hemorrhagi* OR haemorrhagi*) W/3 shock)))) AND (TITLE-ABS-KEY ("adi 628" OR adi628 OR equa OR "cgc 1072" OR cgc1072 OR ciclomulsion OR cicloral OR cipol OR consupren OR "csa neural" OR "cya nof" OR cyclasol OR cyclokat OR cyclosporine OR cyclosporin OR "de 076" OR de076 OR deximune OR equoral OR gengraf OR ikervis OR iminoral OR implanta OR imusporin OR "lx 201" OR lx201 OR "c2 03" OR mc203 OR "mtd 202" OR mtd202 OR neoral OR neuro-stat OR neurostat OR "nm 0133" OR "nm 133" OR nm0133 OR "nm133" OR "nova 22007" OR nova22007 OR "ol 27 400" OR "ol 27400" OR ol27400 OR "olo 400" OR olo500 OR "opph 088" OR opph088 OR opsisorin OR "otx 101" OR otx101 OR "p 3072" OR p3072 OR padciclo OR papilock OR pulminiq OR restasis OR restaysis OR sanciclo OR sanciclo OR sandimmun OR sandimmune OR sandimun OR sandimune OR "sang 35" OR sang35 OR sangcya OR "sp 14019" OR "sti 0529" OR sti0529 OR "t 1580" OR t1580 OR verkazia OR vekacia))) AND NOT ((TITLE-ABS-KEY (invitro OR "in vitro"))) AND NOT ((TITLE-ABS-KEY (invitro OR "in vitro"))) AND (TITLE-ABS-KEY ((invivo OR "in vivo"))))

WOS BIOSIS Searched March 9, 2022 Results

Indexes=BIOSIS Previews Timespan=All years

#1 TS=(((reperfus* or ir or "Hypoxi* ischemi*") Near/3 (injur* or damag* or necrosis or necrotic or hemorrhag* or haemorrhag*))) OR TS=((reperfus* or ir or "Hypoxi* ischemi*") Near/3 ("free radical*" or "free oxygen radical*")) 59,219

#2 DS=Reperfusion Injury 36,628

#3 #1 or #2 59,219

#4 TS=("adi 628" or adi628 or equa or "cgc 1072" or cgc1072 or ciclomulsion or cicloral or cipol or consupren or "csa neural" or "cya nof" or cyclasol or cyclokat or cyclosporine or cyclosporin or "de 076" or de076 or deximune or equoral or gengraf or ikervis or iminoral or implanta or imusporin or "lx 201" or lx201 or "c2 03" or mc203 or "mtd 202" or mtd202 or neoral or neuro-stat or neurostat or "nm 0133" or "nm 133" or nm0133 or "nm133" or "nova 22007" or nova22007 or "ol 27 400" or "ol 27400" or ol27400 or "olo 400" or olo500 or "opph 088" or opph088 or opsisorin or "otx 101" or otx101 or "p 3072" or p3072 or padciclo or papilock or pulminiq or restasis or restaysis or sanciclo or sanciclo or sandimmun or sandimmune or sandimun or sandimune or "sang 35" or sang35 or sangcya or "sp 14019" or "sti 0529")

or sti0529 or "t 1580" or t1580 or verkazia or vekacia)	67,609
#5 cr=59865-13-3	28,691
#6 #4 OR #5	68,460
#7 #3 AND #6	691
#8 ts=(invitro or "in vitro")	1,607,545
#9 TS=((invitro or "in vitro") and (invivo or "in vivo"))	453,102
#10 #8 Not #9	1,154,443
#11 #7 Not #10	656

Cochrane Library Searched March 8, 2022

(Cochrane Database of Systematic Reviewes Results =0)

(Cochrane Central Register of Controlled Trials Results =46)

ID	Search	Hits
#1	MeSH descriptor: [Reperfusion Injury] this term only	606
#2	MeSH descriptor: [Shock, Hemorrhagic] this term only	113
#3	((hypox* or hemorrhagic) NEAR/3 shock):ti,ab,kw	387
#4	((reperfus* or ir or "hypoxi* ischemi*") NEAR/3 (injur* or damag* or necrosis or necrotic or hemorrhag* or haemorrhag*)):ti,ab,kw	2952
#5	((reperfus* or ir or hypoxi* ischemi*) NEAR/3 (free NEAR/2 radical*)):ti,ab,kw	61
#6	#1 or #2 or #3 or #4 or #5	3357
#7	MeSH descriptor: [Cyclosporine] this term only	2826
#8	("adi 628" or adi628 or equa or "cgc 1072" or cgc1072 or ciclomulsion or cicloral or cipol or consupren or "csa neural" or "cya nof" or cyclasol or cyclokat or cyclosporine or cyclosporin or "de 076" or de076 or deximune or equoral or gengraf or ikervis or iminoral or implanta or imusporin or "lx 201" or lx201 or "c2 03" or mc203 or "mtd 202" or mtd202 or neoral or neuro-stat or neurostat or "nm 0133" or "nm 133" or nm0133 or "nm133" or "nova 22007" or nova22007 or "ol 27 400" or "ol 27400" or ol27400 or "olo 400" or olo500 or "opph 088" or opph088 or opsisporin or "otx 101" or otx101 or "p 3072" or p3072 or padciclo or papilock or pulminiq or restasis or restaysis or sanciclo or sanciclo or sandimmun or sandimmune or sandimun or sandimune or "sang 35" or sang35 or sangcya or "sp 14019" or "sti 0529" or sti0529 or "t 1580" or t1580 or verkazia or vekacia):ti,ab,kw	7709
#10	#7 or #8	7709
#11	#6 and #10	46
#12	(exvivo OR "ex vivo") NOT ((exvivo OR "ex vivo") AND (invivo OR "in vivo"))	2916
#13	#11 NOT #12	46

PROSPERO Searched March 9, 2022

Line	Search for	Hits
#1	(ir or "hypox* ischemi*" or reperfus*) and (injur* or damag* or necros* or necrotic or hemorrhag* or haemorrhag* or "free radical*" or shock)	646
#2	("adi 628" or adi628 or equa or "cgc 1072" or cgc1072 or	

ciclomulsion or cicloral or cipol or consupren or "csa neural" or "cya nof" or cyclasol or cyclokát or cyclosporine or cyclosporin or "de 076" or de076 or deximune or equoral or gengraf or ikervis or iminoral or implanta or imusporin or "lx 201" or lx201 or "c2 03" or mc203 or "mtd 202" or mtd202 or neoral or neuro-stat or neurostat or "nm 0133" or "nm 133" or nm0133 or "nm133" or "nova 22007" or nova22007 or "ol 27 400" or "ol 27400" or ol27400 or "olo 400" or olo500 or "opph 088" or opph088 or opsisporin or "otx 101" or otx101 or "p 3072" or p3072 or padciclo or papilock or pulminiq or restasis or restaysis or sanciclo or sanciclo or sandimmun or sandimmune or sandimun or sandimune or "sang 35" or sang35 or sangcya or "sp 14019" or "sti 0529" or sti0529 or "t 1580" or t1580 or verkazia or vekacia)

#3 #1 and #2

236

8

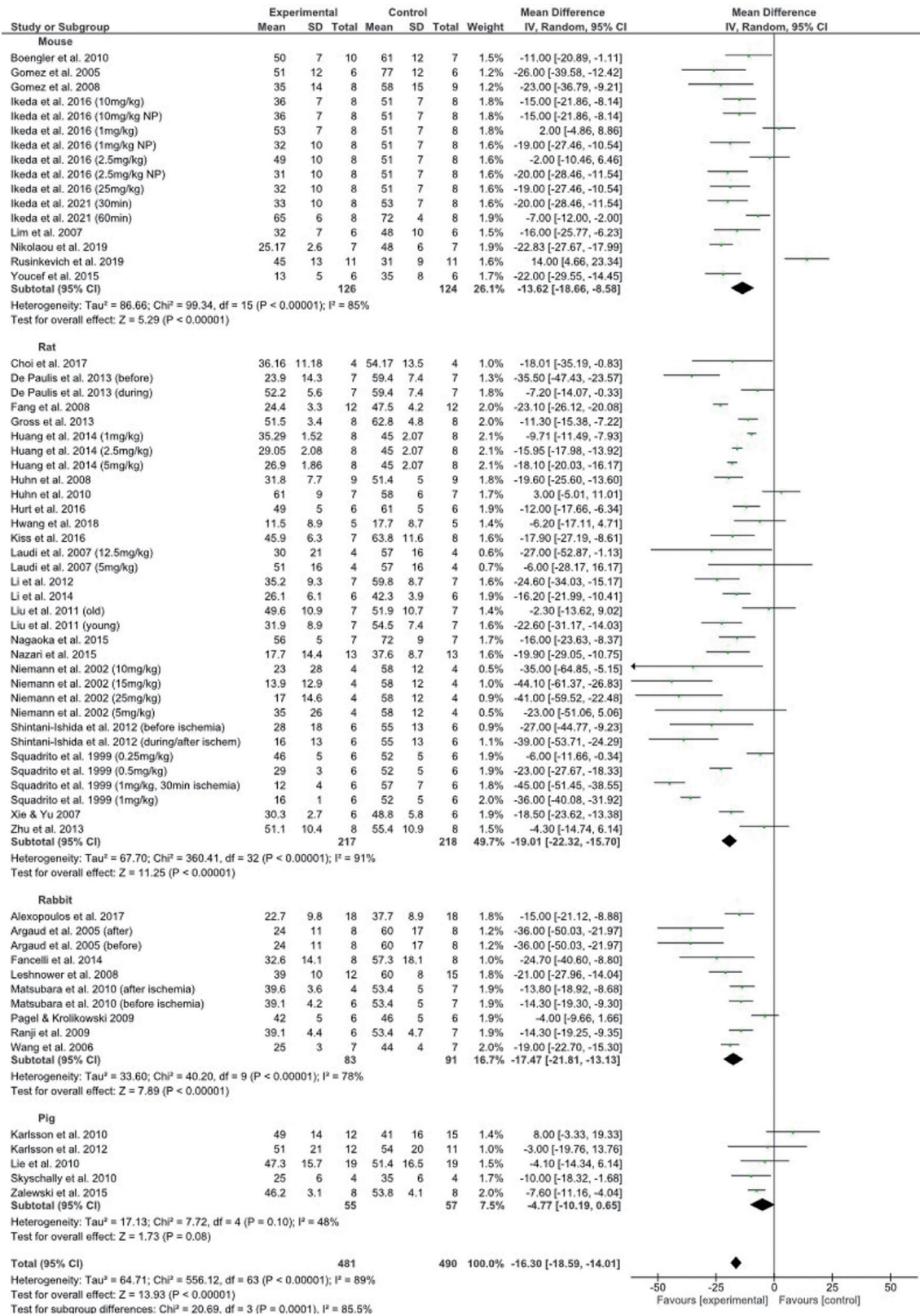


Figure S1 Subgroup meta-analysis of coronary occlusion models of myocardial ischemia-reperfusion injury treated with cyclosporine a, stratified by species.

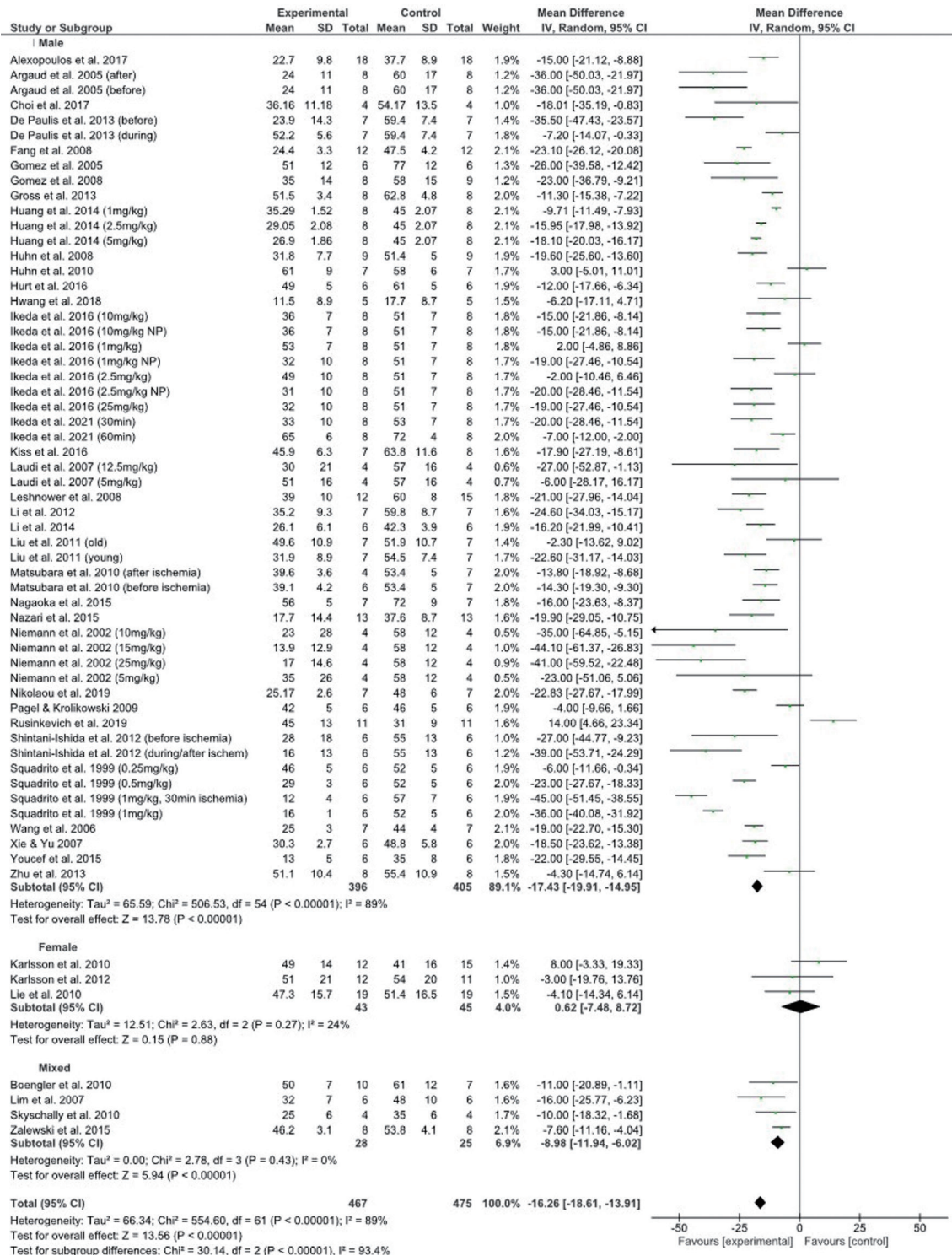


Figure S2 Subgroup meta-analysis of coronary occlusion models of myocardial ischemia-reperfusion injury treated with cyclosporine a, stratified by sex.

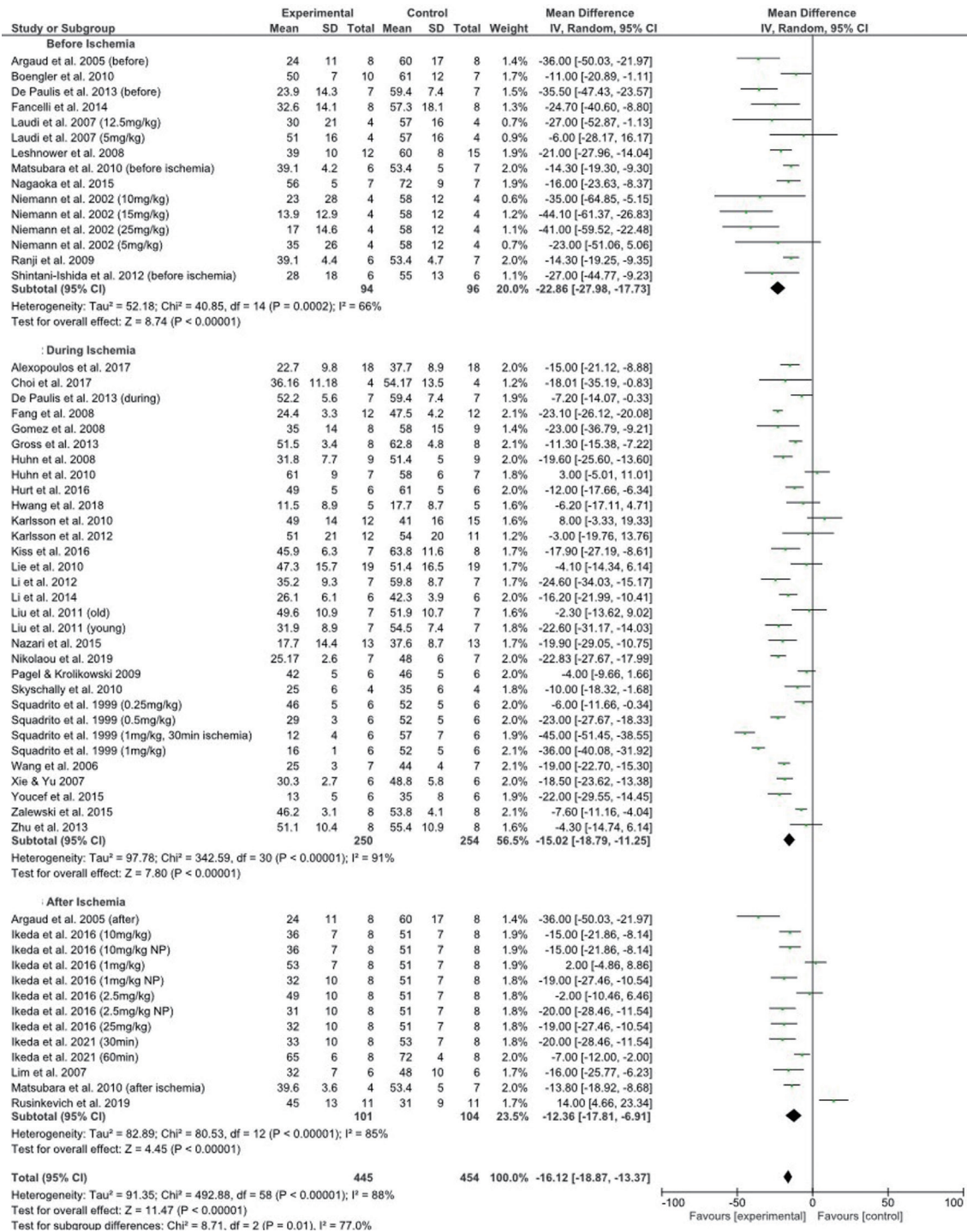


Figure S3 Subgroup meta-analysis of coronary occlusion models of myocardial ischemia-reperfusion injury treated with cyclosporine a, stratified by timing of treatment.

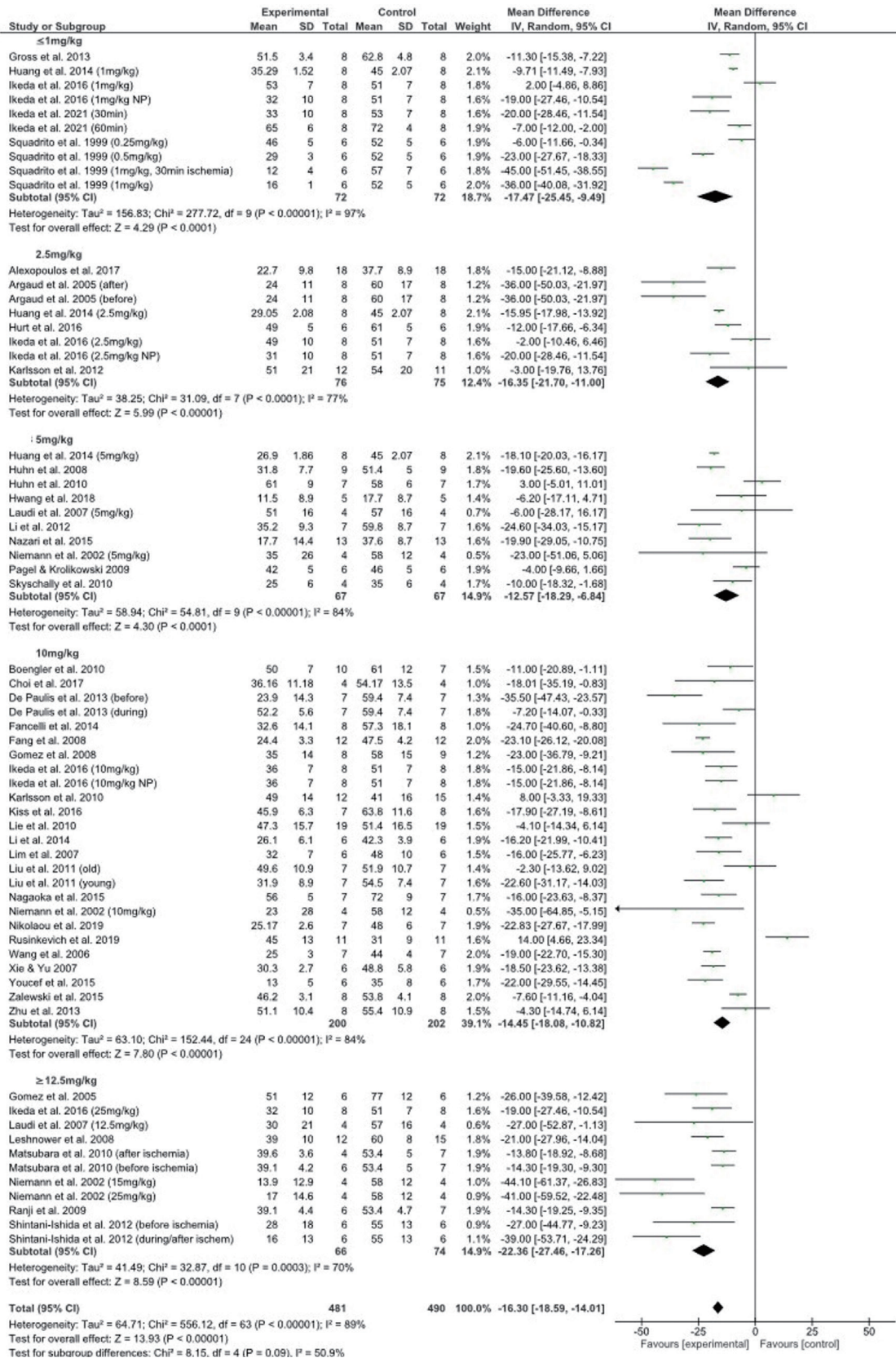


Figure S4 Subgroup meta-analysis of coronary occlusion models of myocardial ischemia-reperfusion injury treated with cyclosporine a, stratified by dose.

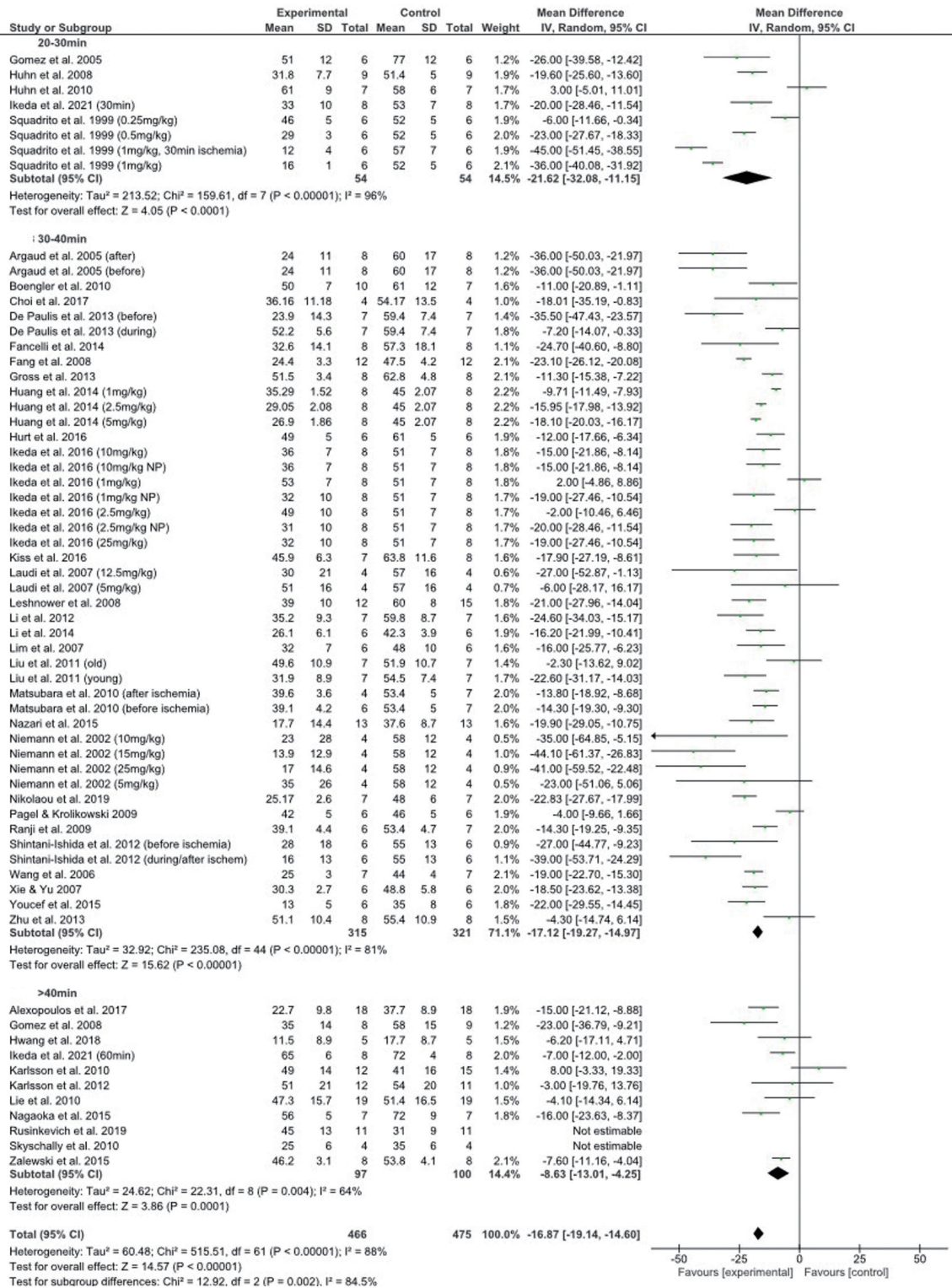


Figure S5 Subgroup meta-analysis of coronary occlusion models of myocardial ischemia-reperfusion injury treated with cyclosporine a, stratified by duration of ischemia.

Table S1 Summary of myocardial ischemia-reperfusion injury studies using temporary coronary artery ligation and testing cyclosporine A

Timing of dose	Species (strain, sex, age, n = control/ experimental group)	Dose (mg/kg; route)	Duration of Ischemia (min; artery ligated)	Infarct Size (%AAR ±SEM)	Additional Clinically Relevant Outcomes
Before ischemia					
Boengler <i>et al.</i> (2010)	mouse (C57Bl/6, ♂/♀, 8 wk, 7/10)	10 (IV)	30 (LAD)	61±5% vs. 50±2% (P<0.05)	NR
Arteaga <i>et al.</i> (1992)	rat (Wistar, ♀, NR, 5/9)	20 (IV)	5 (LCA)	NR	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CK 2728U/L vs. 801U/L* • Interstitial edema & loss of striation of myocardial in control group on histology
Niemann <i>et al.</i> (2002)	rat (Sprague-Dawley, ♂, 6 mo, 4/4/4/4/4)	5 ×3 (PO) 10 ×3 (PO) 15 ×3 (PO) 25 ×3 (PO)	30 (LCA)	58±6% vs. 35±13% (P>0.03) vs. 23±14% (P<0.03) vs. 13.9±6.5% (P<0.03) vs. 17.0±7.3% (P>0.03)	NR
Laudi <i>et al.</i> (2007)	rat (Sprague-Dawley, ♂, 8–10 wk, 4/4/4)	5 ×3 (PO) 12.5 ×3 (PO)	30 (LAD)	57±8% vs. 51±8% [†] vs. 30±10% [†]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LVEF 55.0±7.3% vs. 45.5±8.1% (ns) • 14 d survival 16.0% vs. 31.6% (ns) • LVEF 55.0±7.3% vs. 54.0±11.3% (ns) • 14 d survival 16.0% vs. 55.6% (P=0.017)
Shintani-Ishida <i>et al.</i> (2012)	rat (Sprague-Dawley, ♂, 8 wk, 6/6)	25 (IP)	30 (LAD)	55±5% vs. 28±7% (P<0.05)	NR
De Paulis <i>et al.</i> (2013)	rat (Wistar, ♂, NR, 6–8/6–8)	10 (IV)	30 (LAD)	59.4±2.8% vs. 23.9±5.4% (P<0.05)	NR
Nagaoka <i>et al.</i> (2015)	rat (Sprague-Dawley, ♂, NR, 7/7)	10 (IV)	45 (LAD)	72±4% vs. 56±2% (P<0.05)	NR
Argaud <i>et al.</i> (2005)	rabbit (New Zealand white, ♂, NR, 8/8)	2.5 (IV)	30 (left marginal)	60±6% vs. 24±4% (P<0.0001)	NR
Ranji <i>et al.</i> (2007) [†]	rabbit (NR, NR, NR, 5/5)	NR	30 (NR)	55.9±1.7% vs. 39.7±2.1% (P<0.05)	NR
Leshnower <i>et al.</i> (2008)	rabbit (New Zealand white, ♂, NR, 15/12)	25 (IV)	30 (left marginal)	60±2% vs. 39±3% (P<0.001)	• 53±12% vs. 20±7% disrupted mitochondria on EM
Ranji <i>et al.</i> (2009)	rabbit (New Zealand white, NR, NR, 7/6)	25 (IV)	30 (left marginal)	53.4±1.8% vs. 39.1±1.8% (P<0.0001)	• 53.31±12% vs. 19.71±7% disrupted mitochondria on EM
Matsubara <i>et al.</i> (2010)	rabbit (New Zealand white, ♂, NR, 7/6)	25 (IV)	30 (left marginal)	53.4±1.9% vs. 39.1±1.7% (P<0.001)	• 53±16% vs. 20±9% disrupted mitochondria on EM
Fancelli <i>et al.</i> (2014)	rabbit (New Zealand white, NR, NR, 8/8)	10 (IV)	30 (LAD)	57.3±6.4% vs. 32.6±5.0% (P<0.01)	NR
Before/after ischemia					
Gomez <i>et al.</i> (2004) [†]	mouse (NR, NR, NR, 6/6)	40 ×3 (IP)	25 (NR)	72±4% vs. 56±4% (P<0.05)	NR
Gomez <i>et al.</i> (2005)	mouse (C57Bl/6, NR, 8–10 wk, 6/6)	40 ×3 (IP)	25 (LAD)	77±5% vs. 51±5% (P<0.01)	NR
He <i>et al.</i> (2010)	rat (Sprague-Dawley, ♂, NR, 10/10)	2 ×2 (IP)	30 (LAD)	NR	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tnl 12.38±0.66 ng/mL vs. 9.26±0.56 ng/mL (P<0.01) • CK-MB 123.22±2.10 U/L vs. 100.87±2.23 U/L (P<0.01)
During ischemia					
Gomez <i>et al.</i> (2007) [†]	mouse (NR, NR, NR, 9/9)	10 (IV)	60 (NR)	56±5% vs. 36%* (P<0.05)	NR
Gomez <i>et al.</i> (2008)	mouse (C57Bl/6, ♂, 8–10 wk, 9/8)	10 (IV)	60 (LAD)	58±5% vs. 35±5% (P<0.05)	NR
Youcef <i>et al.</i> (2015)	mouse (C57Bl/6, ♂, 22 mo, 5–7/5–7)	10 (IV)	30 (LAD)	35±3% vs. 13±2% (P<0.05)	NR
Nikolaou <i>et al.</i> (2019)	mouse (C57Bl/6, ♂, 8–12 wk, 7/7)	10 (IV)	30 (LAD)	48±2% vs. 25.17±1.0% (P<0.0001)	NR
Squadrito <i>et al.</i> (1999)	rat (Sprague-Dawley, ♂, NR, 6/6/6/6/6, NR)	0.25 (IV) 0.5 (IV) 1 (IV) 1 (IV)	20 (LCA) 30 (LCA)	52±2% vs. 46±2% (P>0.05) vs. 29±1% (P<0.05) vs. 16±0% (P<0.005) 57±3% vs. 12±2% (P<0.01)	NR

Table S1 (continued)

Table S1 (continued)

Timing of dose	Species (strain, sex, age, n = control/ experimental group)	Dose (mg/kg; route)	Duration of Ischemia (min; artery ligated)	Infarct Size (%AAR ±SEM) (%total LV area)	Additional Clinically Relevant Outcomes
Xie & Yu (2007)	rat (Sprague-Dawley, ♂, NR, 6/6)	10 (IV)	30 (LAD)	48.8±2.2% vs. 30.3±1.1% (P<0.05)	• Less vacuolar degeneration & no swelling of mitochondria in CsA group on EM
Fang <i>et al.</i> (2008)	rat (Sprague-Dawley, ♂, NR, 12/12)	10 (IV)	30 (LAD)	47.5±1.2% vs. 24.4±1.0% (P<0.01)	• 2.09±0.03 vs. 0.97±0.03 (P<0.01) mitochondria score on EM
Huhn <i>et al.</i> (2008)	rat (Wistar, ♂, NR, 9/9)	5 (IV)	25 (LCA branch)	51.4±1.7% vs. 31.8±2.6% (P<0.05)	NR
Huhn <i>et al.</i> (2010)	rat (Zucker obese, ♂, 10 wk, 7/7)	5 (IV)	25 (LCA branch)	58±2% vs. 61±3% (P>0.05)	NR
Liu <i>et al.</i> (2011)	rat (Fischer 344, ♂, 3–5 mo, 7/7)	10 (IV)	30 (LAD)	54.5±2.8% vs. 31.9±3.4% (<0.01)	NR
	rat (Fischer 344, ♂, 20–24 mo, 7/7)			51.9±4.0% vs. 49.6±4.1% (>0.05)	
Li <i>et al.</i> (2012)	rat (Sprague-Dawley, ♂, NR, 7/7)	5 (IV)	30 (LAD)	59.8±3.3% vs. 35.2±3.5% (P<0.001)	• dP/dt _{max} 686 mmHg/s* vs. 1286±147 mmHg/s (P<0.001)
De Paulis <i>et al.</i> (2013)	rat (Wistar, ♂, NR, 6–8/6–8)	10 (IV)	30 (LAD)	59.4±2.8% vs. 52.2±2.1% (P>0.05)	
Gross <i>et al.</i> (2013)	rat (Sprague-Dawley, ♂, NR, 6–10/6–10)	1 (IV)	30 (LAD)	62.8±1.7% vs. 51.5±1.2% (P<0.05)	NR
Zhu <i>et al.</i> (2013)	rat (Fischer 344, ♂, 22–24 mo, 8/8)	10 (IV)	30 (LAD)	54±4% vs. 51±4% (P>0.05)	NR
Li <i>et al.</i> (2014)	rat (Sprague-Dawley, ♂, NR, 6/6)	10 (IP)	30 (LAD)	42.3±1.6% vs. 26.1±2.5% (P<0.05)	• CK-MB 692±22 U/L vs. 346±22 U/L (P<0.05) • Decrease in vacuolar degeneration & lack of swelling in mitochondria on EM in CsA group
Choi <i>et al.</i> (2015) [†]	rat (Sprague-Dawley, NR, NR, 4/4)	10 (NR)	35 (NR)	33.51±4.65% vs. 14.88±5.74% (P=0.3143)	NR
Nazari <i>et al.</i> (2015)	rat (Wistar, ♂, NR, 13/13)	5 (IV)	30 (LAD)	37.6±2.4% vs. 17.7±4.0% (P<0.0001)	• CK-MB 279±29 U/L vs. 188±19 U/L (P>0.05)
Hurt <i>et al.</i> (2016)	rat (Sprague-Dawley, ♂, 8–10 wk, 6/6)	2.5 (NR)	30 (LAD)	61±2% vs. 49±2% (P<0.01)	NR
Kiss <i>et al.</i> (2016)	rat (Wistar, ♂, NR, 8/7)	10 (IV)	30 (LAD)	63.8±4.1% vs. 45.9±2.4% (P<0.05)	NR
Choi <i>et al.</i> (2017)	rat (Sprague-Dawley, ♂, 8 wk, 4/4)	10 (IV)	35 (LAD)	54.17±6.75% vs. 36.16±5.59% (P=0.0041)	NR
Hwang <i>et al.</i> (2018)	rat (Sprague-Dawley, ♂, 8 wk, 5/5)	5 (IP)	45 (LAD)	17.7±3.9% vs. 11.5±4.0% (P>0.05) (%total LV area)	• LVEF 47.2±1.7% vs. 48.2±1.7% at 3 d (P>0.999), 43.3±3.2% vs. 47.7±2.9% at 7 d (P=0.949), 44.6±1.9% vs. 46.7±3.0% at 14 d (P>0.999) • 19±3% vs. 11±4% (P>0.05) area of necrotic myocardium & 64±3% 31±4% (P<0.05) necrotic cardiomyocytes on histology
Zhang <i>et al.</i> (2019) [§]	rat (Sprague-Dawley, ♂, NR, NR)	2.5 (IV)	30 (LAD)	46±5% vs. 36±4% (P>0.01)	• TnI 350±30 ng/mL vs. 270±20 ng/mL (P<0.01) • CK-MB 350±21 U/L vs. 320±21 U/L (P<0.01)
		2.5 (nanoparticle)		vs. 19±4% (P<0.01)	• TnI 350±30 ng/mL vs. 210±10 ng/mL (P<0.01) • CK-MB 350±21 U/L vs. 170±10 U/L (P<0.01) • Near normal histological features compared to large area of necrosis, structural disarray & inflammatory infiltrate in control tissue
Krolikowski <i>et al.</i> (2005) [§]	rabbit (New Zealand white, ♂, NR, NR)	5 (IV)	30 (left marginal)	42±7% vs. 43±6% (P>0.05)	NR
		10 (IV)		vs. 21±4% (P<0.05)	
Wang <i>et al.</i> (2006)	rabbit (New Zealand white, ♂, NR, 7–8/7–8)	10 (IV)	30 (LAD)	44±1% vs. 25±1% (P<0.05)	NR
Pagel & Krolikowski (2009)	rabbit (New Zealand white, ♂, NR, 6/6)	5 (IV)	30 (LAD)	46±2% vs. 42±2% (P>0.05)	NR
Paillard <i>et al.</i> (2009)	rabbit (New Zealand white, ♂, NR, 8/8)	5 (IV)	30 (left marginal)	NR	• Preservation of myofibril organization & mitochondrial structure in CsA group on EM

Table S1 (continued)

Table S1 (continued)

Timing of dose	Species (strain, sex, age, n = control/ experimental group)	Dose (mg/kg; route)	Duration of Ischemia (min; artery ligated)	Infarct Size (%AAR ±SEM)	Additional Clinically Relevant Outcomes
Alexopoulos <i>et al.</i> (2017)	rabbit (New Zealand white, ♂, NR, 18/18)	2.5 (IV)	40 (LCA or branch)	37.7±2.1% vs. 22.7±2.3% (P<0.05)	• TnI 159.2±10.4 ng/mL vs. 101.7±10 ng/mL (P<0.05)
Karlsson <i>et al.</i> (2010)	pig (Swedish Landrace, ♀, NR, 15/12)	10 (IV)	45 (LAD)	41±4% vs. 49±4% (P>0.05)	NR
Lie <i>et al.</i> (2010)	pig (mixed Danish Landrace/Yorkshire, ♀, NR, 19/19)	10 (IV)	40 (LAD)	51.4±3.8% vs. 47.3±3.6% (P>0.05)	• TnT 6.4±0.7 ng/mL vs. 9.7±1.1 ng/mL (P>0.05) • CO at 180 min after reperfusion 3.8±0.2 L/min vs. 3.8±0.2 L/min (P>0.05)
Skyschally <i>et al.</i> (2010)	pig (Göttinger minipigs, ♂/♀, NR, 4/4)	5 (IV)	90 (LAD hypoperfusion)	35±3 % vs. 25±3% (P<0.05)	• dP/dt _{max} at 120 min after reperfusion 1222±174 mmHg/s vs. 946±111 mmHg/s (P>0.05)
Karlsson <i>et al.</i> (2012)	pig (mixed Swedish/Pigham/Yorkshire, ♀, NR, 11/12)	2.5 (IV)	40 (left marginal)	54±6% vs. 51±6% (P=0.75)	NR
Zalewski <i>et al.</i> (2014) [‡]	pig (NR, NR, NR, 8/8)	NR	60 (NR)	54±1% vs. 44±2% (P=0.017)	• LVEF (%Δ) -15.6±3.7% vs. -7.9±2.2% (P=0.015)
Zalewski <i>et al.</i> (2015)	pig (NR, ♂/♀, NR, 8/8)	10 (IV)	60 (LAD)	53.8±1.4% vs. 46.2±1.1% (P=0.016)	• LVEF 38.9±2.0% vs. 46.3±1.2% (P<0.05) • CO 42.9±2.3 mL/s vs. 42.6±2.7 mL/s (P>0.05) • Increased edema with reduced myocyte density on histology in both groups
Kloner <i>et al.</i> (2011) [‡]	sheep (NR, NR, NR, NR)	NR	60 (NR)	<10% reduction (P>0.05)	NR
During/after ischemia					
Shintani-Ishida <i>et al.</i> (2012)	rat (Sprague-Dawley, ♂, 8 wk, 6/6)	10 (IV)	30 (LAD)	55±5% vs. 16±5% (P<0.05)	NR
After ischemia					
Lim <i>et al.</i> (2007)	mouse (B6Sv129F1, ♂/♀, 8–10 wk, 6/6)	10 (NR)	30 (LAD)	48±4% vs. 32±3% (P<0.05)	NR
Horstkotte <i>et al.</i> (2011)	mouse (dtTomato, NR, NR, 6/6)	10 (IV)	90 (LAD)	NR	• dP/dt _{max} 19,000±3,000 mmHg/s vs. 18,000±4,000 mmHg/s (P>0.05)
Ikeda <i>et al.</i> (2016)	mouse (C57Bl/6, ♂, 10–12 wk, 8/8/8/8/8/8/8/8)	1 (IV)	NR (left marginal)	51±3% vs. 53±3% (P>0.05)	• LVEF 33.0±2.0% vs. 32.0±2.6% (P>0.05)
		1 (nanoparticle)		51±3% vs. 32±3% (P<0.001)	• LVEF 33.0±2.0% vs. 49.0±2.0% (<0.05)
		2.5 (IV)		51±3% vs. 49±3% (P>0.05)	
		2.5 (nanoparticle)		51±3% vs. 31±3% (P<0.001)	
		10 (IV)		51±3% vs. 36±3% (P<0.05)	• LVEF 33.0±2.0% vs. 43.2±2.0% (P<0.05)
		10 (nanoparticle)		51±3% vs. 36±3% (P<0.01)	
		25 (IV)		51±3% vs. 32±3% (P<0.01)	
Rusinkevich <i>et al.</i> (2019)	mouse (C57Bl/6, ♂, 12–14 wk, 11/11)	10 x5 (IP)	90 (LAD)	31±3% vs. 45±4% (P<0.05) (%total LV area)	• LVEF 35±2% vs. 27±2% at 7 d (P<0.05); 35±2% vs. 28±2% at 14 d (P<0.05; 35±2% vs. 30±2% at 28 d (P>0.05)
Ikeda <i>et al.</i> (2021)	mouse (C57Bl/6, ♂, 10–12 wk, 8–9/8–9/8–9/8–9)	1 (nanoparticle)	30 (LAD) 60 (LAD)	53±2% vs. 33±3% (P<0.0001) 72±1% vs. 65±2% (P<0.001)	NR
Argaud <i>et al.</i> (2005)	rabbit (New Zealand white, ♂, NR, 8/8)	2.5 (IV)	30 (left marginal)	60±6% vs. 24±4% (P<0.0001)	NR
Matsubara <i>et al.</i> (2010)	rabbit (New Zealand white, ♂, NR, 7/4)	25 (IV)	30 (left marginal)	53.4±1.9% vs. 39.6±1.8% (P<0.001)	• 53±16% vs. 18±7% disrupted mitochondria on EM
Not reported					
Ikeda <i>et al.</i> (2014) [‡]	mouse (NR, NR, NR, 8/8)	(nanoparticle)	NR	52±4% vs. 32±9% (P<0.05)	NR
Ikeda <i>et al.</i> (2015) [‡]	mouse (NR, NR, NR, NR)	1mg/kg (nanoparticle)	NR	52±4% vs. 32±6% (P<0.05)	NR

Table S1 (continued)

Table S1 (continued)

Timing of dose	Species (strain, sex, age, n = control/ experimental group)	Dose (mg/kg; route)	Duration of Ischemia (min; artery ligated)	Infarct Size (%AAR ±SEM)	Additional Clinically Relevant Outcomes
Ikeda <i>et al.</i> (2016) [‡]	mouse (NR, NR, NR, 8/8)	1mg/kg (nanoparticle)	30 (NR)	52±5% vs. 31±6% (P<0.05)	NR
Huang <i>et al.</i> (2014)	rat (Sprague-Dawley, ♂, NR, 8/8/8/8)	1 (NR)	30 (LAD)	45.00±0.73% vs. 35.29±0.54% (P<0.05)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • TnI 12.98±0.46 ng/mL vs. 9.38±0.38 ng/mL (P<0.05) • CK-MB 125.38±2.07 U/mL vs. 109.79±1.51 U/mL (P<0.05)
		2.5 (NR)		vs. 29.05±0.74% (P<0.05)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • TnI 12.98±0.46 ng/mL vs. 8.53±0.30 ng/mL (P<0.05) • CK-MB 125.38±2.07 U/mL vs. 99.83±0.46 U/mL (P<0.05)
		5 (NR)		vs. 26.90±0.66% (P<0.05)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • TnI 12.98±0.46 ng/mL vs. 8.35±0.30 ng/mL (P<0.05) • CK-MB 125.38±2.07 U/mL vs. 98.24±1.63 U/mL (P<0.05)
Gu <i>et al.</i> (2020) [‡]	rat (NR, NR, NR, 5/5)	2.5 (NR)	NR	46.8%* vs. 42.6%* (P=0.682)	NR

* , standard error not reported; † , P value not reported; ‡ , conference abstract; § , results presented with standard deviation. CK-MB, creatinine kinase myocardial band; CO, cardiac output; CsA, cyclosporine A; EM, electron microscopy; IP, intraperitoneal; IV, intravenous; L, left; LAD, left anterior descending; LCA, left coronary artery; LV, left ventricle; LVEF, left ventricular ejection fraction; NR, not reported; ns, not significant; PO, per os; SEM, standard error of the mean; TnI, cardiac troponin I; TnT, cardiac troponin T.

Table S2 Summary of myocardial ischemia-reperfusion injury studies testing cyclosporine A, using methods other than coronary artery occlusion

Model type	Species (strain, sex, age, n = control/ experimental group)	Dose (mg/kg; route)	Duration of Ischemia (min; method)	Cardiac Function (SEM)	Additional Clinically Relevant Outcomes
Cardiac arrest					
Before/during ischemia					
Ayoub <i>et al.</i> (2017)	rat (Sprague-Dawley, ♂, NR, 6/12)	10 (NR)	10 (electricity)	CI 62±8 mL/min/kg vs. 63±4 mL/min/kg at 120 min (ns), 58±6 mL/min/kg vs. 59±3 mL/min/kg at 240 min (ns), 52±4 mL/min/kg vs. 46±5 mL/min/kg at 360 min (ns)	• Tnl 130±76 ng/mL vs. 210±61 ng/mL (ns)
During ischemia					
Huang <i>et al.</i> (2011)*	rat (Wistar, ♂, 8 wk, NR)	10 (IV)	8.5 (asphyxia)	CO 80.7±20.0 mL/min vs. 87.6±22.6 mL/min (P=0.58)	• 72 hr survival 16.7% vs. 58.3% (P=0.016)
Huang <i>et al.</i> (2012)	rat (Wistar, ♂, 8 wk, 10/10)	10 (IV)	8.5 (asphyxia)	CO 22±3 mL/min vs. 71±10 mL/min at 1 hr, 22±1 mL/min vs. 76±11 mL/min at 2 hr, 31±3 mL/min vs. 49±3 mL/min at 3 hr, 36±3 mL/min vs. 53±3 mL/min at 4 hr (P<0.01)	• Mitochondrial injury score 1.5±0.2 vs. 0.6±0.2 on EM (P<0.01) • 72 hr survival 18.2% vs. 53.8% (P=0.046)
Cour <i>et al.</i> (2014)	rabbit (New Zealand white, NR, NR, 24/18)	5 (IV)	5–7 (asphyxia)	CO 60±6 mL/min vs. 90±6 mL/min (P<0.05)	• Tnl 34±10 ng/mL vs. 10±2 ng/mL (P<0.05) • Survival 67% vs. 89% [†]
After ischemia					
Huang <i>et al.</i> (2012)	rat (Wistar, ♂, 8 wk, 10/10)	10 (IV)	8.5 (asphyxia)	CO 18±1 mL/min vs. 22±3 mL/min at 1 hr, 27±1 mL/min vs. 36±4 mL/min at 2 hr, 49±8 mL/min vs. 44±6 mL/min at 3 hr, 58±7 mL/min vs. 49±3 mL/min at 4 hr (P=0.690)	• Mitochondrial injury score 1.5±0.2 vs. 1.3±0.2 on EM (P>0.01) • 72 hr survival 20% vs. 30% (P=0.829)
Cardiopulmonary bypass					
Oka <i>et al.</i> (2008)	pig (NR, NR, 2 wk, 5/5)	10 (IV)	60 (cardioplegia)	NR	• Preservation of cristae architecture & intermembrane space in CsA-treated group compared to controls on EM
Hoyer <i>et al.</i> (2016)*	pig (Landrace, NR, NR, 6/6)	1.2mg/L (cardioplegia)	90 (cardioplegia)	NR	• No difference in cross striation (P=0.917), eosinophil infiltration (P=0.661), loss of cell boundaries (P=0.362) or myocardial edema (P=0.998) on histology
Hoyer <i>et al.</i> (2019)	pig (Landrace, NR, 4–5 mo, 10/10)	1.2mg/L (cardioplegia)	90 (cardioplegia)	CO 5.2±0.5 L/min vs. 4.7±0.4 L/min (ns)	NR
Hoyer <i>et al.</i> (2021)	pig (German Saddle, NR, NR, 10/10)	1.2mg/L (cardioplegia)	90 (cardioplegia)	CO 5.2±0.5 L/min vs. 4.7±0.4 L/min (ns)	• No difference in cross striation (P=0.845), eosinophilia (P=0.510), myocardial edema (P=0.596), cellular infiltration (P=0.279), visible bleeding (P=0.876) or loss of cell boundaries (P=0.510) on histology
Hypoxia					
Gill <i>et al.</i> (2012)a	pig (NR, NR, 1–4 d, 8/8/8)	10 (IV, 5 min after reoxygenation)	120 (ventilation with FiO ₂ 0.11–0.15)	CI 62±5% vs. 95±4% of baseline (P<0.05)	• Lactate 6.1±0.4 mM vs. 4.9±0.4 mM at 2 hr (P>0.05), 4.4±0.8 mM vs. 2.8±0.2 mM at 6 hr (P>0.05)
			10 (IV, 120 min after reoxygenation)	CI 62±5% vs. 79±6% of baseline (P=0.1)	• Lactate 6.1±0.4 mM vs. 7.0±0.7 mM at 2 hr (P>0.05), 4.4±0.8 mM vs. 4.2±0.9 mM at 6 hr (P>0.05)
Gill <i>et al.</i> (2012)b	pig (mixed, NR, 1–4 d, 8/8/8/8)	2.5 (IV)	120 (ventilation with FiO ₂ 0.10–0.15)	CI 57±8% vs. 88±8% of baseline (P<0.05)	• Tnl 1.2±0.2 ng/mL vs. 0.6±0.1 ng/mL (P<0.05) • Lactate 11.3±2.9 mM vs. 11.3±3.3 mM at 30 min (P>0.05), 5.5±3.3 mM vs. 3.2±2.2 mM at 4 hr (P>0.05)
			10 (IV)	vs. 100±7% of baseline (P<0.05)	• Tnl 1.2±0.2 ng/mL vs. 0.7±0.2 ng/mL (P<0.05) • Lactate 11.3±2.9 mM vs. 11.7±4.3 mM at 30 min (P>0.05), 5.5±3.3 mM vs. 3.1±1.0 mM at 4 hr (P>0.05)
			25 (IV)	vs. 85±11% of baseline (P<0.05)	• Tnl 1.2±0.2 ng/mL vs. 1.2±0.2 ng/mL (P>0.05) • Lactate 11.3±2.9 mM vs. 11.8±1.8 mM at 30 min (P>0.05), 5.5±3.3 mM vs. 2.6±0.6 mM at 4 hr (P>0.05)
Gill <i>et al.</i> (2013)	pig (mixed, NR, 1–4 d, 8/8)	10 (IV)	120 (ventilation with FiO ₂ 0.10–0.15)	NR	• Tnl 1.2±0.2 ng/mL vs. 0.6±0.2 ng/mL (P<0.05)
Cardiac transplantation					
Laudi <i>et al.</i> (2006)*	rat (Lewis, ♂, NR, 7/7/7/7)	12.5 x3 (PO)	NR	NR	• 28 d survival 75% vs. 100% if administered 3 d prior vs. 33% if administered day of transplant vs. 78% if administered 3 d post-transplant (P=0.041)

*, conference abstract; †, results presented with standard deviation; ‡, P value not reported. CI, cardiac index; CO, cardiac output; CsA, cyclosporine A; EM, electron microscopy; FiO₂, fraction of inspired oxygen; IV, intravenous; NR, not reported; ns, not significant; PO, per os; Tnl, cardiac troponin I; U/O, urine output.

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