**Video S1** Original 1990 video. SO PUL support with a hemostat reduces most of the urine loss on coughing. Plication of the suburethral vagina restores the distal urethral closure mechanism, and completes continence control. The video shows why the distal vagina should also be repaired during a midurethral sling. SO, simulated operation; PUL, pubourethral ligament.

**Video S2** The patient had a full bladder which activated urine loss without coughing or other stimulus. “SO” digital support of the bladder bases and PUL controlled urine loss. By permission of Dr. Luis Abranches Monteiro. (1 min). SO, simulated operation; PUL, pubourethral ligament.

**Video S3** SO re-approximation of CLs as in Figure 8, reduced the major part of the cystocele. SO, simulated operation; CL, cardinal ligament.

**Video S4** SO stimulation of the bladder base has apparently activated the micturition reflex with demonstrated urine loss. This video supports the hypothesis of pressure stimulation of urothelial stretch receptors as the originators of the micturition reflex. By permission of Dr. Luis Abranches Monteiro. (0.34 min). SO, simulated operation.
Video S5 Latent SUI because of prolapse. SOs reduction of the prolapse allowed urine loss on coughing. SOs mechanical support of PUL controlled the urine loss. By permission of Prof. Paolo Palma. SUI, stress urinary incontinence; SO, simulated operation; PUL, pubourethral ligament.