

Appendix 1: Survey form**I- IDENTITY :**

First and last name:.....

age:.....

Gender: male female

Profession:.....

Geographical origin:.....

II- REASONS FOR CONSULTATION

Initial pathology:

Tumor pathology: yes no Infectious context: yes no Trauma: yes no If yes: AVP Brawl domestic accident work accident Sports accident **III- OPPONENTS:**

➤ Personal:

● Medical:

-Tumor pathology: yes no -Previous radiation therapy: yes no

● Surgical:

-Mandible surgery: yes no

➤ Family:

● Similar case: yes no

● Other.....

IV- HISTORY OF THE DISEASE

➤ Start date:

➤ Consultation period:.....

➤ Evolution mode:.....

➤ Functional signs:

-Mandibular swelling: yes no -Facial asymmetry: yes no -Pain: yes no -Genes: respiratory, chewing, speech, swallowing -Dental signs: pain, mobility, bleeding, tooth loss **V- CLINICAL EXAMINATION:**➤ General condition: preserved altered

➤ Examen cervico facial :

-Swelling: Yes No

- Seat: Left Right Bilateral Central
- Facial asymmetry: yes no
- Anesthesia labio chin: yes no
- Palpable lymphadenopathy: yes no
- Skin involvement: yes no
- If yes: ulceration inflammation edema fistulization Hematoma bruise wound
- Other:.....
- Oral examination:
- Characteristics of the lesions:
- Size:.....cm
- Consistency: Firm Hard Elastic
- Boundaries: limited good badly limited
- Sensitivity: painless painless
- Bleeding on contact: yes no
- Macroscopic appearance of lesions: ulcerated, budding , infiltrating
- Budding ulcer, indurated infiltrating ulcero
- Oral examination:
- Oral condition: good bad
- Edental: yes no
- If yes: subtotal
- Jointed dental: normal pathological
- Dental cavities: yes no
- Vestibular filling: yes no
- Language deviation: yes no
- Mucosa: pathological healthy
- If pathological: tumor, precancerous lesions
- Dental signs: pain, mobility, bleeding
- Other:.....
- ENT examination

VI- PARACLINICAL EXAMINATION

- Panoramic dental X-ray: yes no
- Clear image mixed image pathological fracture fracture
- Multilocular Unilocular
- Location: symphyseal parasympyseal horizontal branch
- Angular region Ramus hemi mandible bi-angular (chin)
- Associated pathologies:
- Facial CT: yes no
- Facial IRM : yes no
- Result of the histopathological examination:.....

VII- BILLAN PRE-OPERATIVE :

- Biology : CBC Rh blood group PT/APTT Ionogram
- Chest X-ray: yes no
- EKG : yes no

VIII- CLASSIFICATION OF LOSSES OF SUBSTANCES

Type:.....

IX- TREATMENT

Pick-up times:.....

Anesthesia Type :.....

Approach: mixed cervical vestibular

Excision surgery:

- Segmental interruptive mandibulectomy: type:.....

- Terminal interrupting mandibulectomy: type:.....

- Pelvimandibulectomie :

Type :

Mandibular reconstruction: immediate subsequent

Surgical technique:

-Bone graft: type:.....

-Prosthesis:

-Vascularized free bone transfer:

-Osteosynthesis:

-Rag:

-Planification 3D :

Postoperative prescription: antibiotic corticosteroid analgesics

X- MONITORING AND EVOLUTION

Length of hospitalization:.....

Follow-up time:.....

Postoperative effects: simple complicated

Types of complications:.....

Physiotherapy: start date:..... Duration:.....

Dental rehabilitation: prosthesis: implant: not performed:

Aesthetic and functional results:

Quality of oral feeding: good: disturbed: impossible:

Speech: normal moderately impaired severely impaired

Mouth opening: normal moderate limitation severe limitation

Cosmetic result: normal hypertrophic scar unsightly scar

Symmetry of facial contours: yes no