

Table S1 NRS 2002 and GLIM screening methods for patients with active pulmonary tuberculosis

List	Grade	Score
NRS2002 (total point is seven including 1 point from age)		
Severity of diseases	Hip fracture or chronic diseases complicated with the following diseases: liver cirrhosis, COPD, chronic hemodialysis, diabetes, oncology	1
	Abdominal major operation, stroke, severe pneumonia, hematologic tumor	2
	Brain injury, bone marrow transplantation, intensive care patients.	3
BMI, kg/m ²	20.6–22.5	1
	18.5–20.5	2
	<18.5	3
Weight loss	>5% in 3 months	1
	>5% in 2 months	2
	>5% in 1 months (or >15% in 3 months)	3
Reduced food intake	Food intake 50–75% of normal requirement within one week	1
	Food intake 25–60% of normal requirement within one week	2
	Food intake 0–25% of normal requirement within one week	3
Age	≥70 years old	1
GLIM criteria: at least having one point from phenotypic criteria and one from etiological criteria		
Phenotypic criteria		
Weight loss	>5% within 6 months, 10% in more than 6 months	
Low BMI	<18.5 for patients within 70 years old; <20.0 for patients more than 70 years old	
Reduced muscle	Showed muscle reduced by body composition analysis	
Etiological criteria		
Reduced food intake or obstacle in digestion-absorption	Food intake ≤50% of energy requirement for 1 week; any food intake decreased for 2 weeks; any chronic alimentary condition influenced digestion-absorption function	
Disease burden or inflammation	Acute diseases or trauma; malignance; COPD; congestive heart failure; chronic renal failure; any chronic or recurrent chronic inflammation	

NRS 2002, Nutrition Risk Screening 2002; GLIM, Global Leadership Initiative on Malnutrition; BMI, body mass index; COPD, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease.