Table S1 Baseline data of patients in the training and validation sets

Variables	Total (n=327)	Train (n=229)	Validation (n=98)	Р
TIGIT				1
Low	130 (40%)	91 (40%)	39 (40%)	
High	197 (60%)	138 (60%)	59 (60%)	
Gender				0.74
Female	183 (56%)	130 (57%)	53 (54%)	
Male	144 (44%)	99 (43%)	45 (46%)	
Age (years)				0.38
<66	164 (50%)	119 (52%)	45 (46%)	
≥66	163 (50%)	110 (48%)	53 (54%)	
Pathologic_stage				0.37
1/11	265 (81%)	189 (83%)	76 (78%)	
III/IV	62 (19%)	40 (17%)	22 (22%)	
Radiotherapy				0.09
No	293 (90%)	210 (92%)	83 (85%)	
Yes	34 (10%)	19 (8%)	15 (15%)	
Chemotherapy				0.58
No	219 (67%)	156 (68%)	63 (64%)	
Yes	108 (33%)	73 (32%)	35 (36%)	
Smoking_status				0.63
Nonsmoker	41 (13%)	30 (13%)	11 (11%)	
Current	82 (25%)	60 (26%)	22 (22%)	
Former	204 (62%)	139 (61%)	65 (66%)	
Residual_tumor				0.77
R0	220 (67%)	151 (66%)	69 (70%)	
R1/R2	13 (4%)	10 (4%)	3 (3%)	
RX/unknown	94 (29%)	68 (30%)	26 (27%)	
Histologic_type				0.41
NOS	204 (62%)	144 (63%)	60 (61%)	
Mixed subtype	67 (20%)	43 (19%)	24 (24%)	
Others	56 (17%)	42 (18%)	14 (14%)	
Tumor_location				0.83
L-lower	56 (17%)	42 (18%)	14 (14%)	
L-upper	76 (23%)	55 (24%)	21 (21%)	
R-lower	63 (19%)	43 (19%)	20 (20%)	
R-middle	14 (4%)	9 (4%)	5 (5%)	
R-upper	118 (36%)	80 (35%)	38 (39%)	
OS				1
Alive	213 (65%)	149 (65%)	64 (65%)	
Dead	114 (35%)	80 (35%)	34 (35%)	
Median OS (Q1, Q3), months	21.73 (14.48, 35.1)	22.13 (14.67, 35.7)	21.07 (14.12, 33.11)	0.65

TIGIT, T cell immunoreceptor with immunoglobulin and immunoreceptor tyrosine-based inhibitory motif domain; NOS, not otherwise specified; L, left; R, right; OS, overall survival.

Table S2 Clinical characteristics of different PS groups

Variables	Total (n=327)	Low (n=130)	High (n=197)	Р
Gender				0.03
Female	183 (56%%)	83 (64%)	100 (51%)	
Male	144 (44%)	47 (36%)	97 (49%)	
Age (years)				1
<66	164 (50%)	65 (50%)	99 (50%)	
≥66	163 (50%)	65 (50%)	98 (50%)	
Pathologic_stage				0.048
1/11	265 (81%)	98 (75%)	167 (85%)	
III/IV	62 (19%)	32 (25%)	30 (15%)	
Radiotherapy				1
No	293 (90%)	116 (89%)	177 (90%)	
Yes	34 (10%)	14 (11%)	20 (10%)	
Chemotherapy				0.39
No	219 (67%)	83 (64%)	136 (69%)	
Yes	108 (33%)	47 (36%)	61 (31%)	
Smoking_status				0.03
Nonsmoker	41 (13%)	14 (11%)	27 (14%)	
Current	82 (25%)	24 (18%)	58 (29%)	
Former	204 (62%)	92 (71%)	112 (57%)	
Residual_tumor				0.21
R0	220 (67%)	88 (68%)	132 (67%)	
R1/R2	13 (4%)	8 (6%)	5 (3%)	
RX/unknown	94 (29%)	34 (26%)	60 (30%)	
Histologic_type				0.11
NOS	204 (62%)	74 (57%)	130 (66%)	
Mixed subtype	67 (20%)	34 (26%)	33 (17%)	
Others	56 (17%)	22 (17%)	34 (17%)	
umor_location				0.81
L-lower	56 (17%)	23 (18%)	33 (17%)	
L-upper	76 (23%)	33 (25%)	43 (22%)	
R-lower	63 (19%)	21 (16%)	42 (21%)	
R-middle	14 (4%)	6 (5%)	8 (4%)	
R-upper	118 (36%)	47 (36%)	71 (36%)	

PS, pathomics score; L, left; R, right; NOS, not otherwise specified.

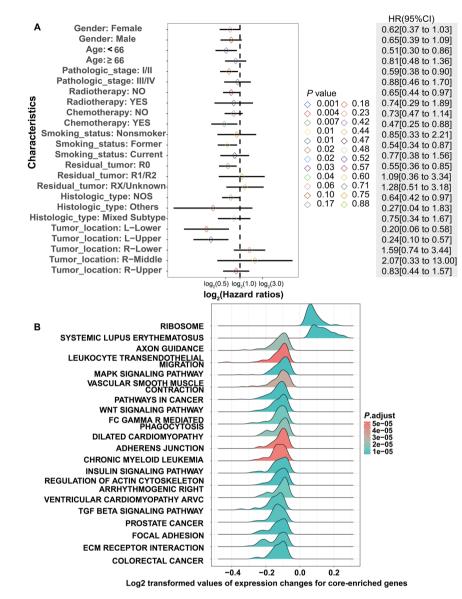


Figure S1 Univariate Cox regression subgroup analysis. (A) The effect of TIGIT high and low expression on the prognosis of patients in different subgroups of each covariate. (B) GSEA in the KEGG gene set. HR, hazard ratio; CI, confidence interval; NOS, not otherwise specified; TIGIT, T cell immunoreceptor with immunoglobulin and immunoreceptor tyrosine-based inhibitory motif domain; KEGG, Kyoto Encyclopedia of Genes and Genomes.

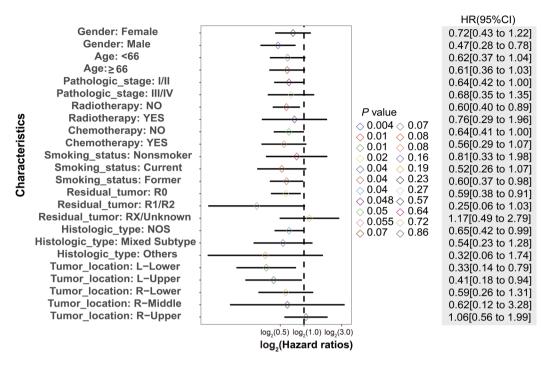


Figure S2 The effect of PS high and low expression on the prognosis of patients in different subgroups of each covariate. HR, hazard ratio; CI, confidence interval; NOS, not otherwise specified; PS, pathomics score.