



Figure S1 IHC staining reveals that HDF spheroids do not contain epithelial cells or express the breast cancer markers ER, PR, HER2 and GATA-3. (A) HDF spheroids were stained by IHC for epithelial marker (panCK) and fibroblast marker (vimentin). (B) Histogram analysis of panCK quantification shows that the HDF spheroids do not contain epithelial cells. ****, P value < 0.0001. (C) HDF spheroids were stained by IHC for the breast cancer markers ER, PR, HER2 and GATA-3. HDF spheroids show no positive staining for any of the breast cancer markers. Scale bar: 100 μ m. HDF, human dermal fibroblasts; panCK, pan cytokeratin; IHC, immunohistochemistry.

Table S1 Antibodies used in this study for IHC

| Marker | Antibody | Catalogue number | Dilution |
|-------------|--|-------------------------|----------|
| ER | Rabbit monoclonal anti-Human ER, clone SP1 | Ventana cat#790-4325 | RTU |
| PR | Mouse monoclonal anti-Human PRA, clone 16 | Leica Cat#NCL-L-PGR-312 | 1:100 |
| HER2 | Rabbit monoclonal anti-Human Her2/new, clone 4B5 | Ventana cat#790-2991 | RTU |
| CK | Mouse monoclonal anti-Human cytokeratin, clone AE1/AE3 | Dako cat#M3515 | 1:200 |
| Gata3 | Mouse monoclonal anti-Human Gata3, clone L50-823 | Zytomed, cat#BMS054 | RTU |
| Vimentin | Mouse monoclonal anti-Human Vimentin, clone V9 | Dako, cat#M0725 | 1:1,000 |
| Mammaglobin | Mouse monoclonal anti-Human Mammaglobin, clone 304-1A5 | Dako, cat#IS074 | RTU |

IHC, immunohistochemistry; RTU, ready to use.

Table S2 Clinical data of all patient-derived samples used in this study

| Patient | Tumor grade | Successful growth of spheroids yes, no | Genetic background | Subtype |
|---------|-------------|--|---------------------------|---------|
| 1 | 3 | Y | ER+ PR+ HER2+ Ki67 15% | Bii |
| 2 | N/A | Y | ER+ PR+ HER2- Ki67 8% | A |
| 3 | N/A | N | ER+ PR+ HER2+ Ki67 3% | Bii |
| 4 | 3 | Y | ER- PR- HER2- Ki67 40% | T |
| 5 | 2 | Y | ER+ PR+ HER2- Ki67 20% | A |
| 6 | 2 | Y | ER+ PR- HER2- Ki67 10% | Bi |
| 7 | 2 | Y | ER+ PR+ HER2- Ki67 5% | A |
| 8 | 1-2 | Y | ER+ PR+ HER2 N/A Ki67 N/A | N/A |
| 9 | 2 | Y | ER+ PR+ HER2- Ki67 4% | A |
| 10 | 2-3 | Y | ER+ PR- HER2- Ki67 N/A | Bi |
| 11 | N/A | Y | N/A | N/A |
| 12 | 2 | N | ER+ PR- HER2- Ki67 N/A | Bi |
| 13 | 1-2 | Y | ER+ PR- HER2- Ki67 3% | Bi |
| 14 | 2-3 | Y | ER+ PR+ HER2- Ki67 4% | A |
| 15 | N/A | Y | ER+ PR+ HER2- Ki67 5% | A |
| 16 | 2 | Y | ER+ PR+ HER2- Ki67 6% | A |
| 17 | 2 | Y | ER- PR- HER2- Ki67 10-15% | T |
| 18 | 2-3 | Y | ER+ PR- HER2- Ki67 2% | Bi |
| 19 | 1-2 | Y | ER+ PR+ HER2- Ki67 2% | A |
| 20 | N/A | Y | ER+ PR+ HER2+ Ki67 15% | Bii |
| 21 | N/A | Y | ER+ PR- HER2- Ki67 20% | Bi |
| 22 | 3 | Y | ER+ PR+ HER2+ Ki67 40% | Bii |
| 23 | 3 | N | ER+ PR- HER2- Ki67 N/A | Bi |
| 24 | 2-3 | Y | ER+ PR- HER2- Ki67 4% | Bi |
| 25 | NA | Y | ER+ PR+ HER2- Ki67 5-7% | A |
| 26 | 3 | Y | ER+ PR- HER2- Ki67 6-7% | Bi |
| 27 | 1-2 | Y | ER- PR- HER2- Ki67 10% | T |
| 28 | 2 | N | ER+ PR+ HER2- Ki67 5% | A |
| 29 | N/A | Y | ER+ PR+ HER2- Ki67 7% | A |
| 30 | N/A | Y | ER- PR- HER2- Ki67 40% | T |
| 31 | 2 | Y | ER+ PR- HER2- Ki67 20% | Bi |

Y, yes; N, no; Bii, luminal B (ii); A, luminal A; T, triple neg; Bi, luminal B (i).