Total

| | Table S1 List of 176 selected genes in the lymp! | ocyte activation involved in immune response | e related gene-set used in the o | discovery analysis |
|--|--|--|----------------------------------|--------------------|
|--|--|--|----------------------------------|--------------------|

| Dataset | Name of pathway | Selected genes ^a | Number of genes |
|---------|--|--|-----------------|
| GO | LYMPHOCYTE_ACTIVATION_ INVOLVED_IN_IMMN_IMMUNE_ RESPONSE | ABL1, ADA, AICDA, ANXA1, AP1G1, APBB1IP, APLF, ATAD5, ATP7A, BATF, BCL3, BCL6, C17orf99, CCL19, CCR6, CD180, CD19, CD1C, CD244, CD28, CD40, CD40LG, CD46, CD80, CD86, CDH17, CEACAM1, CLCF1, CLEC4D, CLEC4E, CORO1A, DLL1, DOCK10, DOCK11, EIF2AK4, EOMES, ERCC1, EXO1, EXOSC3, EXOSC6, F2RL1, FCER1G, FCGR2B, FOXP1, FOXP3, GAPT, GATA3, GPR183, HAVCR2, HLA-DMB, HLA-F, HLX, HMGB1, HSPD1, ICAM1, IFNA1, IFNA10, IFNA13, IFNA14, IFNA16, IFNA17, IFNA2, IFNA21, IFNA4, IFNA5, IFNA6, IFNA7, IFNA8, IFNB1, IFNE, IFNG, IFNK, IFNL1, IFNW1, IL10, IL12B, IL12RB1, IL18, IL18R1, IL2, IL23A, IL23R, IL27, IL27RA, IL4, IL4R, IL6, IRF4, ITFG2, ITGAL, ITM2A, JAK3, KLRF2, LAMP1, LCP1, LEF1, LFNG, LGALS1, LGALS3, LGALS9, LIG4, LILRB1, LOXL3, LY9, MAD2L2, MALT1, MFNG, MIR21, MLH1, MSH2, MSH6, MTOR, MYB, NBN, NDFIP1, NFKBID, NFKBIZ, NKX2-3, NLRP3, NOTCH2, NSD2, PARP3, PAXIP1, PGLYRP1, PGLYRP2, PGLYRP3, PGLYRP4, PLCG2, PLCL2, PRKCZ, PSEN1, PTGER4, PTK2B, PTPRC, RAB27A, RARA, RC3H1, RC3H2, RELB, RIF1, RIPK2, RNF168, RNF8, RORA, RORC, SEMA4A, SHLD1, SHLD2, SHLD3, SLAMF6, SLC11A1, SMAD7, SOCS5, SPN, STAT3, STAT6, SUPT6H, SWAP70, TBX21, TFRC, TGFB1, THOC1, TLR4, TNFSF13, TNFSF18, TNFSF4, TP53BP1, TSC1, UNC13D, UNG, VAMP7, XBP1, ZBTB7B, ZC3H12A, ZFPM1, ZNF683 | |

176

^a Genes were selected based on online Hallmark datasets (http://software.broadinstitute.org/gsea/msigdb/search.jsp) and literatures. Keyword: lymphocyte AND immune. Organism: Homo sapiens.



Figure S1 Manhattan plot for 14,400 SNPs of lymphocyte activation involved in immune response-related pathway genes in the PLCO trial (A). Manhattan plot for 720 SNPs in the HLCS dataset. (B). The red line represents BFDP=0.80 and the blue horizontal line indicates P=0.05. BFDP, Bayesian false-discovery probability; PLCO, Prostate, Lung, Colorectal and Ovarian Cancer Screening Trial; HLCS, the Harvard Lung Cancer Susceptibility Study.



Figure S2 Regional association plots for two independent SNPs in the lymphocyte activation involved in immune response-related pathway genes. Regional association plots included 50 kb up or downstream of *FOXP1* (A) and *RORA* (B). Data points are labeled by color based on the level of LD of each pair of SNPs according to the hg19/1000 Genomes European population. The left y-axis represents the association P-value of each SNPs in the discovery cohort, potting as -log10 (*P*) against chromosomal base-pair position. The right y-axis represents the recombination rate calculated from HapMap Data Rel 22/phase II European population. The regional association plots were generated using LocusZoom (http://locuszoom.org/). SNPs, single-nucleotide polymorphisms; LD, linkage disequilibrium.

| Characteristics | 0 unfavourable genotype | 1-2 unfavourable genotype | Multivariate analysis ^b for OS | | | Multivariate analysis $^{\scriptscriptstyle \mathrm{b}}$ for DSS | | |
|-----------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|--------|--|---------|-----------------|
| | Frequency ^a | Frequency ^a | HR (95% CI) | P P _{inter} ^c | | HR (95% CI) | Р | P_{inter}^{c} |
| Age (years) | | | | | | | | |
| ≤71 | 229 | 405 | 1.21 (0.98-1.50) | 0.0715 | | 1.24 (0.99-1.55) | 0.0553 | |
| >71 | 207 | 334 | 1.78 (1.43- 2.22) | <0.0001 | 0.0432 | 1.91 (1.51-2.41) | <0.0001 | 0.0196 |
| Sex | | | | | | | | |
| Male | 251 | 444 | 1.51 (1.25- 1.83) | <0.0001 | | 1.58 (1.28-1.94) | <0.0001 | |
| Female | 185 | 295 | 1.42 (1.11- 1.82) | 0.0058 | 0.4293 | 1.46 (1.13-1.89) | 0.0041 | 0.4891 |
| Smoking status | | | | | | | | |
| Never | 28 | 86 | 1.49 (0.78- 2.85) | 0.2293 | | 1.51 (0.79- 2.90) | 0.2133 | |
| Current | 152 | 265 | 1.62 (1.23- 2.13) | 0.0006 | | 1.76 (1.31- 2.36) | 0.0002 | |
| Former | 256 | 388 | 1.38 (1.14- 1.67) | 0.0012 | 0.4985 | 1.41 (1.14-1.73) | 0.0012 | 0.4004 |
| Histology | | | | | | | | |
| Adeno | 230 | 345 | 1.43 (1.13-1.80) | 0.0025 | | 1.40 (1.10-1.80) | 0.0059 | |
| Squamous | 96 | 188 | 1.49 (1.08-2.05) | 0.0147 | | 1.70 (1.19-2.42) | 0.0034 | |
| Others | 110 | 206 | 1.52 (1.15-1.99) | 0.0028 | 0.5826 | 1.64 (1.22-2.19) | 0.0009 | 0.3008 |
| Tumor stage | | | | | | | | |
| I-IIIA | 254 | 400 | 1.38 (1.09-1.75) | 0.0077 | | 1.45 (1.11-1.90) | 0.0060 | |
| IIIB-IV | 182 | 339 | 1.53 (1.25-1.86) | <0.0001 | 0.9359 | 1.62 (1.32-1.98) | <0.0001 | 0.5346 |
| Chemotherapy | | | | | | | | |
| No | 253 | 385 | 1.69 (1.35-2.13) | <0.0001 | | 1.81 (1.41- 2.32) | <0.0001 | |
| Yes | 183 | 354 | 1.22 (0.99- 1.50) | 0.0564 | 0.0383 | 1.28 (1.03-1.57) | 0.0240 | 0.0301 |
| Radiotherapy | | | | | | | | |
| No | 273 | 488 | 1.40 (1.15- 1.72) | 0.0009 | | 1.51 (1.21-1.88) | 0.0002 | |
| Yes | 163 | 251 | 1.50 (1.19- 1.89) | 0.0005 | 0.7926 | 1.51 (1.19-1.92) | 0.0007 | 0.7798 |
| Surgery | | | | | | | | |
| No | 234 | 401 | 1.40 (1.17-1.68) | 0.0002 | | 1.45 (1.21-1.75) | <0.0001 | |
| Yes | 202 | 338 | 1.25 (0.94- 1.68) | 0.1277 | 0.7185 | 1.33 (0.95-1.86) | 0.0978 | 0.9648 |

^a, 10 missing date were excluded; ^b, adjusted for age, sex, stage, histology, smoking status, chemotherapy, radiotherapy, surgery. PC1, PC2, PC3, and PC4; ^c, P inter: P value for interaction analysis between characteristic and protective alleles. OS, overall survival; DSS, disease-specific survival; NSCLC, non-small cell lung cancer; PLCO, the Prostate, Lung, Colorectal and Ovarian Cancer Screening Trial; HR, hazards ratio; CI, confidence interval.



Figure S3 The eQTLs analysis for FOXP1 rs2568847 and RORA rs922782. The correlation of rs2568847 genotypes and FOXP1 mRNA expression in lung tissue samples (A), the correlation of rs922782 genotypes and RORA mRNA expression in whole blood samples (B), in lung tissue samples (C) from the GTEx database. The correlation of rs2568847 genotypes and FOXP1 mRNA expression in the additive (D), dominant (E) and recessive (F) model from the 1000 Genomes Project. The correlation of rs922782 genotypes and RORA mRNA expression in additive trait loci; GTEx, Genotype-Tissue Expression project.

Table S3 Function prediction for FOXP1 rs2568847 and RORA rs922782

| | | | | Haploreg v4.1 ² | | | | | | |
|-----------|-------|-----|--------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|-------|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| SNP | Gene | Chr | RegDB ¹ | Promoter histone marks | Enhancer histone marks | DNAse | Proteins bound | Motifs changed | Selected eQTL hits | dbSNP func annot |
| rs2568847 | FOXP1 | 3 | 7 | | BLD, BRN | | | BATF, Mef2, RXRA | | Intronic |
| rs922782 | RORA | 15 | 5 | | 4 tissues | | | Ets, Foxm1, Pou5f1 | | Intronic |

1 RegDB: http://www.regulomedb.org; 2 Haploreg: http://archive.broadinstitute.org/mammals/haploreg/haploreg.php. SNP, single nucleotide polymorphism; Chr, chromosome; DNAse, deoxyribonuclease; eQTL, expression quantitative trait loci; dbSNP func annot, dbSNP function annotation.



Figure S4 Functional prediction of two independent SNPs in lymphocyte activation involved in immune response-related pathway genes in the ENCODE data. Location and functional prediction of *FOXP1* rs2568847 (A). Location and functional prediction of *RORA* rs922782. (B). The tracks of H3K4Me1, H3K4Me3, and H3K27Ac tracks demonstrated the genome-wide levels of enrichment of the mono-methylation of lysine 4, and tri-methylation of lysine 4 and acetylation of lysine 27, of the H3 histone protein. DNase clusters track illustrated DNase hypersensitivity sites. Tnx factor track showed DNA binding locations by transcription factor.



Figure S5 Mutation analysis of *FOXP1* and *RORA* in non-small cell lung tumor tissues by using publicly available data in the database of the cBioPortal for Cancer Genomics (http://www.cbioportal.org). (A) *FOXP1* had a relatively high mutation frequency in NSCLC. (B) *RORA* had a low mutation frequency in NSCLC.