

Supplementary

Table S1 Univariable and multivariable analyses of the progression-free survival of recurrent patients with pN1–N2 *EGFR*-Mt lung adenocarcinoma (n=67)

Variables	Univariable analysis			Multivariable analysis		
	HR	95% CI	P value	HR	95% CI	P value
Age (≥65 years)	0.76	0.37–1.55	0.448	–	–	–
Sex (male)	1.21	0.58–2.50	0.610	–	–	–
CEA (>10 ng/mL)	0.91	0.39–2.14	0.836	–	–	–
CT tumor size (>3.0 cm)	0.85	0.41–1.75	0.654	–	–	–
Lymphatic vessel invasion (+)	1.09	0.50–2.38	0.835	–	–	–
Blood vessel invasion (+)	0.66	0.30–1.45	0.303	–	–	–
Pleural invasion (+)	0.81	0.40–1.64	0.552	–	–	–
pN2 (vs. pN1)	1.38	0.61–3.09	0.438	–	–	–
<i>EGFR</i> exon 21 L858R & RBM10 high expression	3.73	1.44–9.64	0.007	3.16	1.17–8.53	0.023
PD-L1 positive expression	2.49	0.99–6.27	0.053	1.94	0.74–5.09	0.180

EGFR-Mt, epidermal growth factor receptor gene mutation; HR, hazards ratio; CI, confidence interval; CEA, carcinoembryonic antigen; CT, computed tomography; RBM10, RNA-binding motif protein 10; PD-L1, programmed death-ligand 1.