Supplementary

Table S1 Cohort having received ICIs (n=24) divided into patients having received upfront SRS/SRT and initial ICI treatment

| Parameters | Upfront RT (N=10) | | Upfront ICI (N=14) | | - P value |
|---|-------------------|------------|--------------------|------------|-----------|
| | n or median | % or range | n or median | % or range | P value |
| Sex | | | | | |
| Female | 4 | 40.0% | 4 | 28.6% | |
| Male | 6 | 60.0% | 10 | 71.4% | 0.67* |
| Tumor entity | | | | | |
| Adenocarcinoma | 9 | 90.0% | 12 | 85.7% | |
| Squamous cell carcinoma | 1 | 10.0% | 2 | 14.3% | >0.99* |
| EGFR | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | |
| KRAS | 4 | 40.0% | 6 | 42.9% | |
| ALK | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | |
| ROS1 | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | |
| MET | 1 | 10.0% | 0 | 0.0% | |
| PD-L1 positive | 7 | 70.0% | 10 | 71.4% | >0.99* |
| nitial brain metastases | | | | | |
| Yes | 8 | 80.0% | 11 | 78.6% | |
| No | 2 | 20.0% | 3 | 21.4% | >0.99* |
| Systemic control at diagnosis of brain metastases | | | | | |
| Yes | 7 | 70.0% | 5 | 35.7% | |
| No | 3 | 30.0% | 9 | 64.3% | 0.21* |
| RT of primary tumor at time of study RT | | | | | |
| Yes | 1 | 10.0% | 2 | 14.3% | |
| No | 9 | 90.0% | 12 | 85.7% | >0.99* |
| dsGPA | | | | | |
| Median, range | 2.8 | 0.5–3.0 | 1.8 | 0.5-3.0 | 0.06*** |
| 0–2 | 4 | 40.0% | 12 | 85.7% | |
| 2.5–4 | 6 | 60.0% | 2 | 14.3% | 0.03*a |
| BMV score | | | | | |
| <2 | 2 | 20.0% | 3 | 21.4% | |
| ≥2 | 8 | 80.0% | 11 | 78.6% | >0.99* |
| BMV score | | | | | |
| <4 | 9 | 90.0% | 9 | 64.3% | |
| 4–13 | 0 | 0.0% | 3 | 21.4% | |
| >13 | 1 | 10.0% | 2 | 14.3% | 0.42** |

Table S1 (continued)

Table S1 (continued)

| Parameters | Upfront RT (N=10) | | Upfront ICI (N=14) | | – P value |
|---|-------------------|------------|--------------------|------------|-----------|
| | n or median | % or range | n or median | % or range | - P value |
| Treatment substance | | | | | |
| Pembrolizumab | 10 | 100.0% | 12 | 85.7% | |
| Nivolumab | 0 | 0.0% | 1 | 7.1% | |
| Ipilimumab/nivolumab | 0 | 0.0% | 1 | 7.1% | >0.99** |
| Combined chemo-/immunotherapy | 4 | 40.0% | 5 | 35.7% | >0.99* |
| Intracranial progression | 7 | 70.0% | 8 | 57.1% | 0.68* |
| Extracranial progression | 6 | 60.0% | 10 | 71.4% | 0.67* |
| Adverse events | | | | | |
| No | 5 | 50.0% | 2 | 14.3% | |
| Highest CTCAE 1 | 5 | 50.0% | 8 | 57.1% | |
| Highest CTCAE 2 | 0 | 0.0% | 2 | 14.3% | |
| Highest CTCAE 3 | 0 | 0.0% | 2 | 14.3% | 0.19** |
| No. of BM/patient | | | | | |
| Median, range | 2.5 | 1.0-7.0 | 2.0 | 1.0-8.0 | 0.70*** |
| Single metastases | 4 | 40.0% | 5 | 35.7% | |
| 2–4 metastases | 5 | 50.0% | 6 | 42.9% | |
| 5–10 metastases | 1 | 10.0% | 3 | 21.4% | 0.87** |
| Total number of brain metastases | 27 | | 41 | | |
| RT technique | | | | | |
| SRS | 26 | 96.3% | 36 | 87.8% | |
| SRT | 1 | 3.7% | 5 | 12.2% | 0.39* |
| Gross tumor volume (GTV), median (cm³), range | 3.3 | 0.1-8.2 | 2.7 | 0.4–17.5 | 0.86*** |
| Planning target volume (PTV), median (cm³), range | 5.0 | 0.3–10.6 | 4.7 | 0.8–26.1 | 0.70*** |
| Local tumor progression (No. of lesions) | 1 | 3.7% | 1 | 2.4% | >0.99* |
| Radiation necrosis (No. of lesions) | 1 | 3.7% | 3 | 7.3% | >0.99* |
| Dosimetrics SRS | | | | | |
| Median V10 (cm³), range | 3.2 | 0.8-12.9 | 2.3 | 0.5–16.9 | |
| Median V12 (cm³), range | 2.3 | 0.6–9.5 | 1.6 | 0.3–11.2 | 0.75*** |
| Dosimetrics SRT, median V20 (cm³), range | | | 24.7 | 24.1–25.3 | |

The equal distribution was calculated with the following analyses: *, Fisher-Yates test; **, Fisher-Freeman-Halton test; ***, Mann-Whitney test. a, P values equal to or below the significance level of 0.05. ICIs, immune checkpoint inhibitors; ALK, anaplastic lymphoma kinase; BM, brain metastases; BMV, brain metastases velocity; CTCAE, Common Terminology Criteria of Adverse Events; dsGPA, disease specific graded prognostic assessment; EGFR, epidermal growth factor; iBMV, initial brain metastases velocity; KRAS, Kirsten rat sarcoma virus; MET, mesenchymal-epithelial transition factor; PD-L1, programmed death ligand 1; ROS1, proto-oncogene tyrosine-protein kinase ROS1; RT, radiation therapy; SRS, stereotactic radiosurgery; SRT, stereotactic radiotherapy; V10, V12, V20: volume which received at least 10, 12 and 20 Gy, respectively.

Table S2 Cohort having received tyrosine kinase inhibitors (TKIs) divided into patients having received upfront SRS/SRT and initial TKI treatment

| Parameters | Upfront RT (n=7) | | Upfront TKI (n=3) | | - P value |
|---|------------------|------------|-------------------|------------|-----------|
| | n or median | % or range | n or median | % or range | P value |
| Sex | | | | | |
| Female | 4 | 57.1% | 3 | 100.0% | |
| Male | 3 | 42.9% | 0 | 0.0% | 0.48* |
| Tumor entity | | | | | |
| Adenocarcinoma | 7 | 100.0% | 3 | 100.0% | |
| Squamous cell carcinoma | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | _ |
| EGFR | 6 | 85.7% | 2 | 66.7% | >0.99* |
| KRAS | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | |
| ALK | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | |
| ROS1 | 1 | 14.3% | 1 | 33.3% | |
| MET | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | |
| PD-L1 positive | 4 | 42.8% | 2 | 33.3% | |
| nitial brain metastases | | | | | |
| Yes | 5 | 71.4% | 1 | 33.3% | |
| No | 2 | 28.6% | 2 | 66.7% | 0.50* |
| Systemic control at diagnosis of brain metastases | | | | | |
| Yes | 1 | 14.3% | 1 | 33.3% | |
| No | 6 | 85.7% | 2 | 66.7% | >0.99* |
| RT of primary tumor at time of study RT | | | | | |
| Yes | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | |
| No | 7 | 100.0% | 3 | 100.0% | - |
| dsGPA | | | | | |
| Median, range | 2.5 | 0.5–3.0 | 2.0 | 0.5-4.0 | 0.91*** |
| 0–2 | 3 | 42.9% | 2 | 66.7% | |
| 2.5–4 | 4 | 57.1% | 1 | 33.3% | >0.99* |
| BMV score | | | | | |
| <2 | 2 | 28.6% | 1 | 33.3% | |
| ≥2 | 5 | 71.4% | 2 | 66.7% | >0.99* |
| BMV score | | | | | |
| <4 | 3 | 42.9% | 3 | 100.0% | |
| 4–13 | 2 | 28.6% | 0 | 0.0% | |
| >13 | 2 | 28.6% | 0 | 0.0% | 0.30** |

Table S2 (continued)

Table S2 (continued)

| Parameters | Upfront RT (n=7) | | Upfront TKI (n=3) | | Dualus |
|---|------------------|------------|-------------------|------------|-----------|
| | n or median | % or range | n or median | % or range | - P value |
| Treatment substance | | | | | |
| Afatinib | 2 | 28.6% | 1 | 33.3% | |
| Osimertinib | 4 | 57.1% | 0 | 0.0% | |
| Crizotinib | 1 | 14.3% | 1 | 33.3% | |
| Gefitinib | 0 | 0.0% | 1 | 33.3% | 0.28** |
| Intracranial progression | 5 | 71.4% | 1 | 33.3% | 0.50* |
| Extracranial progression | 5 | 71.4% | 1 | 33.3% | 0.50* |
| Adverse events | | | | | |
| No | 3 | 42.9% | 1 | 33.3% | |
| Highest CTCAE 1 | 3 | 42.9% | 2 | 66.7% | |
| Highest CTCAE 2 | 1 | 14.3% | 0 | 0.0% | |
| Highest CTCAE 3 | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | >0.99** |
| No. of BM/patient | | | | | |
| Median, range | 2.0 | 1.0-5.0 | 5.0 | 1.0-7.0 | 0.34*** |
| Single metastases | 3 | 42.9% | 1 | 33.3% | |
| 2–4 metastases | 2 | 28.6% | 0 | 0.0% | |
| 5–10 metastases | 2 | 28.6% | 2 | 66.7% | 0.73** |
| Total number of brain metastases | 18 | | 13 | | |
| RT technique | | | | | |
| SRS | 16 | 88.9% | 11 | 84.6% | |
| SRT | 2 | 11.1% | 2 | 15.4% | >0.99* |
| Gross tumor volume (GTV), median (cm³), range | 3.7 | 0.3-17.4 | 3.1 | 0.8–16.2 | 0.73*** |
| Planning target volume (PTV), median (cm³), range | 5.2 | 0.7–21.9 | 5.0 | 1.2–22.3 | 0.73*** |
| Local tumor progression (No. of lesions) | 1 | 14.3% | 0 | 0.0% | >0.99* |
| Radiation necrosis (No. of lesions) | 0 | 0.0% | 1 | 33.3% | 0.30* |
| Dosimetrics SRS | | | | | |
| Median V10 (cm³), range | 4.9 | 1.0-13.0 | 2.9 | 0.9–11.8 | 0.45*** |
| Median V12 (cm³), range | 3.3 | 0.6–9.6 | 2.1 | 0.6-8.4 | 0.48*** |
| Dosimetrics SRT, median V20 (cm³), range | 12.4 | 6.5-18.2 | 8.8 | 4.6-13.0 | 0.44*** |

The equal distribution was calculated with the following analyses: *Fisher-Yates test; **Fisher-Freeman-Halton test; ***Mann-Whitney test. ALK, anaplastic lymphoma kinase; BMV, brain metastases velocity; CTCAE, Common Terminology Criteria of Adverse Events; dsGPA, disease specific graded prognostic assessment; EGFR, epidermal growth factor; iBMV, initial brain metastases velocity; KRAS, Kirsten rat sarcoma virus; MET, mesenchymal-epithelial transition factor; PD-L1, programmed death ligand 1; ROS1, proto-oncogene tyrosine-protein kinase ROS1; RT, radiation therapy; SRS, stereotactic radiosurgery; SRT, stereotactic radiotherapy; V10, V12, V20: volume which received at least 10, 12 and 20 Gy, respectively.

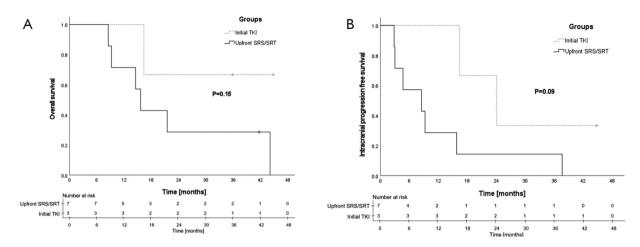


Figure S1 OS (A) and iPFS (B) of initial TKI treatment *vs.* upfront SRS/SRT. SRS, stereotactic radiosurgery; SRT, stereotactic radiotherapy; TKI, tyrosine kinase inhibitor; OS, overall survival; iPFS, intracranial progression free survival; RT, radiation therapy.

Table S3 Patients from the main cohort with upfront SRS/SRT (n=17) divided into the patients who received the systemic treatment sequentially (2 weeks or more after RT) and concurrently (within 2 weeks after RT)

| Parameters | Sequential (n=7) | | Concurrent (n=10) | | - P value |
|---|------------------|------------|-------------------|------------|-----------|
| | n or median | % or range | n or median | % or range | P value |
| Sex | | | | | |
| Female | 4 | 57.1% | 5 | 50.0% | |
| Male | 3 | 42.9% | 5 | 50.0% | >0.99* |
| Histology | | | | | |
| Adenocarcinoma | 7 | 100.0% | 9 | 90.0% | |
| Squamous cell carcinoma | 0 | 0.0% | 1 | 10.0% | >0.99* |
| EGFR | 1 | 14.3% | 5 | 50.0% | 0.30* |
| KRAS | 2 | 14.3% | 2 | 20.0% | |
| ALK | 0 | 28.6% | 0 | 0.0% | |
| ROS1 | 1 | 14.3% | 0 | 0.0% | |
| MET | 1 | 14.3% | 0 | 0.0% | |
| PD-L1 status (positive) | 5 | 71.4% | 7 | 70.0% | >0.99* |
| Initial brain metastases | | | | | |
| Yes | 4 | 57.1% | 9 | 90.0% | |
| No | 3 | 42.9% | 1 | 10.0% | 0.25* |
| Systemic control at diagnosis of brain metastases | | | | | |
| Yes | 5 | 71.4% | 3 | 30.0% | |
| No | 2 | 28.6% | 7 | 70.0% | 0.15* |
| RT of primary tumor at time of study RT | | | | | |
| Yes | 0 | 0.0% | 1 | 10.0% | |
| No | 7 | 100.0% | 9 | 90.0% | >0.99* |
| dsGPA | | | | | |
| Median, range | 3.0 | 2.0-3.0 | 2.0 | 0.5–3.0 | 0.15*** |
| 0–2 | 1 | 14.3% | 6 | 60.0% | |
| 2.5–4 | 6 | 85.7% | 4 | 40.0% | 0.13* |
| iBMV score | | | | | |
| <2 | 1 | 14.3% | 3 | 30.0% | |
| ≥2 | 6 | 85.7% | 7 | 70.0% | 0.60* |
| BMV score | | | | | |
| <4 | 4 | 57.1% | 8 | 80.0% | |
| 4–13 | 2 | 28.6% | 0 | 0.0% | |
| >13 | 1 | 14.3% | 2 | 20.0% | 0.24** |

Table S3 (continued)

Table S3 (continued)

| Parameters - | Sequential (n=7) | | Concurrent (n=10) | | Duali |
|--|------------------|------------|-------------------|------------|-----------|
| | n or median | % or range | n or median | % or range | - P value |
| Treatment substance | | | | | |
| Pembrolizumab | 5 | 71.4% | 5 | 50.0% | |
| Afatinib | 0 | 0.0% | 2 | 20.0% | |
| Osimertinib | 1 | 14.3% | 3 | 30.0% | |
| Crizotinib | 1 | 14.3% | 0 | 0.0% | 0.46** |
| Combined chemo-/immunotherapy | 3 | 42.9% | 3 | 30.0% | 0.64* |
| Intracranial progression | 5 | 71.4% | 7 | 70.0% | >0.99* |
| Extracranial progression | 5 | 71.4% | 5 | 50.0% | 0.62* |
| Adverse events | | | | | |
| No | 2 | 28.6% | 6 | 60.0% | |
| Highest CTCAE 1 | 5 | 71.4% | 3 | 30.0% | |
| Highest CTCAE 2 | 0 | 0.0% | 1 | 10.0% | |
| Highest CTCAE 3 | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0.23** |
| Number of BM/patient | | | | | |
| Median, range | 3.0 | 1.0-5.0 | 1.5 | 1.0-7.0 | 0.39*** |
| Single metastases | 2 | 28.6% | 5 | 50.0% | |
| 2–4 metastases | 4 | 57.1% | 3 | 30.0% | |
| 5–10 metastases | 1 | 14.3% | 2 | 20.0% | 0.81** |
| Total | 19 | | 26 | | |
| RT technique | | | | | |
| SRS | 19 | 100.0% | 23 | 88.5% | |
| SRT | 0 | 0.0% | 3 | 11.5% | 0.25* |
| Gross tumor volume (GTV), median (in cm³), range | 1.0 | 0.4-6.2 | 3.8 | 0.1–17.4 | 0.21*** |
| Planning target volume (PTV), median (in cm³), range | 2.1 | 0.9-8.9 | 5.8 | 0.3–21.9 | 0.24*** |
| Local tumor progression (No. of lesions) | 1 | 5.3% | 1 | 3.8% | >0.99* |
| Radiation necrosis (No. of lesions) | 1 | 5.3% | 0 | 0.0% | 0.42* |
| Dosimetry SRS | | | | | |
| Median V10 (cm³), range | 3.2 | 0.8-12.9 | 3.9 | 0.6–20.5 | 0.79*** |
| Median V12 (cm³), range | 2.3 | 0.6-9.5 | 2.8 | 0.3-14.7 | 0.77*** |
| Dosimetry SRT, median V20 (cm³), range | _ | _ | 6.5 | 2.5-18.2 | _ |

The equal distribution was calculated with the following analyses: *Fisher-Yates test; **Fisher-Freeman-Halton test; ***Mann-Whitney test. ALK, anaplastic lymphoma kinase; BMV, brain metastases velocity; CTCAE, Common Terminology Criteria of Adverse Events; dsGPA, disease specific graded prognostic assessment; EGFR, epidermal growth factor receptor; iBMV, initial brain metastases velocity; KRAS, Kirsten rat sarcoma virus; MET, mesenchymal-epithelial transition factor; PD-L1, programmed death ligand 1; RT, radiation therapy; V10, V12, V20: volume which received at least 10, 12 and 20 Gy, respectively.