Table S1 Univariate logistic regression to assess social determinants and diet-related factors contributing to the improvement of seizures improvement of seizures in the participants

| Independent veriables      | Deference estagen    | Univariate logistic regression model |            |              |  |
|----------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------|------------|--------------|--|
| independent variables      | Reference category – | P value                              | Crude OR # | 95% CI of OR |  |
| Mother's age (years)       | -                    | 0.484                                | 0.963      | 0.867-1.070  |  |
| Father's age (years)       | -                    | 0.421                                | 0.959      | 0.867-1.061  |  |
| Mother's education level   |                      |                                      |            |              |  |
| Intermediate school        | Primary school       | 1.000                                | 0.000      | 0.000        |  |
| High school                | Primary school       | 1.000                                | 1.000      | 0.041-24.547 |  |
| Bachelor's degree          | Primary school       | 0.949                                | 0.909      | 0.050-16.540 |  |
| Father's education level   |                      |                                      |            |              |  |
| Intermediate school        | Primary school       | 0.858                                | 1.333      | 0.057-31.121 |  |
| High school                | Primary school       | 0.846                                | 0.750      | 0.041-13.677 |  |
| Bachelor                   | Primary school       | 0.283                                | 0.367      | 0.059–2.292  |  |
| Income level               | -                    | 0.196                                | 1.000      | 1.000-1.000  |  |
| Health insurance           | No                   | 0.283                                | 0.367      | 0.059–2.292  |  |
| Marital status of parents  |                      |                                      |            |              |  |
| Divorced                   | Married              | 0.510                                | 2.333      | 0.188–29.036 |  |
| Work status of mother      | Unemployed           | 0.855                                | 1.182      | 0.197–7.082  |  |
| Father's occupation        |                      |                                      |            |              |  |
| Worker                     | Unemployed           | 1.000                                | 1.000      | 0.034–29.807 |  |
| Employee                   | Unemployed           | 0.999                                | 0.000      | 0.000        |  |
| Military                   | Unemployed           | 0.355                                | 4.000      | 0.211-75.659 |  |
| Professional               | Unemployed           | 0.819                                | 0.750      | 0.064-8.834  |  |
| Family history of epilepsy | No                   | 0.886                                | 1.167      | 0.142-9.586  |  |
| Diet ratio                 |                      |                                      |            |              |  |
| 2:1                        | 1:1                  | 0.999                                | 0.000      | 0.000        |  |
| 3:1                        | 1:1                  | 0.896                                | 0.967      | 0.580-1.610  |  |
| 4.5:1                      | 1:1                  | 0.706                                | 0.867      | 0.412-1.821  |  |

#, adjusted for the other variables in the table; \*, P value is statistically significant at <0.05. CI, confidence interval; OR, odds ratio.

| Independent variables   |                     | Seizure outcomes |            | <br>Ur             | Univariate logistic regression |              |
|-------------------------|---------------------|------------------|------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
|                         |                     | Not improved     | Improved   | P value            | Crude OR                       | 95% CI of OR |
| Social status of        | Married             | 14 (53.8%)       | 12 (46.2%) |                    | Reference category             |              |
| parents (n=30)          | Divorced            | 1 (33.3%)        | 2 (66.7%)  | 0.510              | 2.333                          | 0.188–29.036 |
|                         | Widow               | 1 (100.0%)       | 0 (0.0%)   | 1.000              | 0.000                          | 0.000        |
| Income level            | Mean ± SD           | 12.7±4.9         | 16.5±8.5   | 0.196              | 1.000                          | 1.000-1.000  |
|                         | Min - Max           | 4.9–22.0         | 7.0–35.0   |                    |                                |              |
| Mother's age (years)    | Mean ± SD           | 38.4±7.3         | 36.6±7.0   | 0.484              | 0.963                          | 0.867-1.070  |
|                         | Min - Max           | 29.0–54.0        | 26.0-47.0  |                    |                                |              |
| Father's age (years)    | Mean ± SD           | 43.9±7.6         | 41.6±7.5   | 0.421              | 0.959                          | 0.867-1.061  |
|                         | Min - Max           | 31.0–56.0        | 31.0–52.0  |                    |                                |              |
| Mother's education      | Primary school      | 1 (50.0%)        | 1 (50.0%)  |                    | Reference category             |              |
| level (n=30)            | Intermediate school | 1 (100.0%)       | 0 (0.0%)   | 1.000              | 0.000                          | 0.000        |
|                         | High school         | 3 (50.0%)        | 3 (50.0%)  | 1.000              | 1.000                          | 0.041–24.547 |
|                         | Bachelor            | 11 (52.4%)       | 10 (47.6%) | 0.949              | 0.909                          | 0.050–16.540 |
| Father's education      | Primary school      | 1 (50.0%)        | 1 (50.0%)  |                    | Reference category             |              |
| level (n=30)            | High school         | 3 (42.9%)        | 4 (57.1%)  | 0.858              | 1.333                          | 0.057–31.121 |
|                         | Bachelor            | 12 (57.1%)       | 9 (42.9%)  | 0.846              | 0.750                          | 0.041–13.677 |
| Health insurance        | Yes                 | 5 (71.4%)        | 2 (28.6%)  | 0.283              | 0.367                          | 0.059–2.292  |
| (n=30)                  | No                  | 11 (47.8%)       | 12 (52.2%) |                    | Reference cat                  | tegory       |
| Mothers employed (n=30) | No                  | 13 (54.2%)       | 11 (45.8%) |                    | Reference category             |              |
|                         | Yes                 | 3 (50.0%)        | 3 (50.0%)  | 0.855              | 1.182                          | 0.197–7.082  |
| Fathers employed (n=21) | No                  | 2 (50.0%)        | 2 (50.0%)  | Reference category |                                |              |
|                         | Worker              | 1 (50.0%)        | 1 (50.0%)  | 1.000              | 1.000                          | 0.034–29.807 |
|                         | Employee            | 3 (100.0%)       | 0 (0.0%)   | 0.999              | 0.000                          | 0.000        |
|                         | Military            | 1 (20.0%)        | 4 (80.0%)  | 0.355              | 4.000                          | 0.211–75.659 |
|                         | Professional        | 4 (57.1%)        | 3 (42.9%)  | 0.819              | 0.750                          | 0.064-8.834  |

Table S2 Univariate logistic regression analysis to assess parents-related factors contributing to the improvement of seizures in the participants

P value is significant at P<0.05. CI, confidence interval; OR, odds ratio; Max, maximum; Min, minimum; SD, standard deviation.

#### **Appendix 1 Telephone Consent**

Study Title: Effect of a Ketogenic Diet on Decrease of Seizures in Refractory Epilepsy among Children (Infancy to 14 Years Old) in Saudi Arabia: A Cross-sectional Study.

#### Principle Investigator: Dr Leena Baghdadi

Hello, my name is Dr. Renad Alhomaidi, from King Saud University. We are asking you to volunteer to take part in a phone interview as part of a research study about the ketogenic diet impact on infants and children up to 14 with refractory epilepsy attending a King Fahad Medical City. The interview will take approximately 2 minutes of your time. Your participation in this survey is completely voluntary. This means you do not have to participate if you don't want to. If you agree to participate, you have the right to only answer the questions you choose to answer. This phone interview is being conducted to determine your socioeconomic state. The phone interview will consist of questions pertaining to your socioeconomic state including age, social status, income level, educational level, occupation, living area, health insurance, access to government or private hospital, availability of the ketogenic diet and family history of epilepsy. The potential risks of this research are minimal and confidentiality of private health information that you share with us will be maintained to the highest level. You have the right to stop participation at any point during the interview if you choose so. If you have questions or concerns regarding this research, you can contact the PI Dr Leena Baghdadi at 0501235269 the IRB, the committee that works to protect your rights and welfare at King Saud University"

"Do you have any questions?"

"Do you agree to voluntarily participate in this survey process?"

| [] | Yes | If Yes | Continue  |
|----|-----|--------|-----------|
| [] | No  | If No  | Good-bye. |

Follow with list of specific questions you will be asking. You can only collect information provided in the script, so be specific and thorough. The last page is your record of your telephone/oral consent. This must be kept, just as a written Informed Consent would be kept.

## (Title) Telephone Consent

#### VERBAL CONSENT DOCUMENTATION FOR PARTICIPATION.

# Subject: The ketogenic diet impact on infants and children up to 14 with refractory epilepsy attending a King Fahad Medical City (KFMC) in Saudi Arabia: A cross sectional study.

This consent serves as documentation that the required elements of informed consent have been presented orally to the participant or the participant's legally authorized representative.

Verbal consent to participate in this telephone survey has been obtained by the participant's willingness to continue with the telephone survey by providing answers to a series of questions related to **socioeconomic state**.

Surveyor's Name (Printed)

Surveyor's Witness's Name (Printed)

Surveyor's Signature

Surveyor's Witness's Signature

Date

Date

## Appendix 2. Ketogenic diet protocol

The ketogenic diet is initiated in the inpatient setting according to the following protocol-based on John Hopkins over 3-4 days as per the following table:

- 1. Inpatient initiation of KD:
  - ✤ Calculate KD prescription
  - Calculate KD meals (10 to 30 meals start with)
  - Incorporate diet modification and restriction into food selections (for calculations)
  - Determine appropriate ultimate KD ratio for age/condition
  - Calculate fluid needs
  - Instruct/demonstrate to caregiver:
    - food preparation
    - use of gram scale including calibration
    - vitamin/mineral supplementation and schedule
    - fluid management
    - signs 7 symptoms of hypoglycemia + treatment
    - signs 7 symptoms of excess ketosis + treatment
    - sick day guidelines
    - constipation prevention and treatment
      - · adjust diet during hospitalization for optimal tolerance
      - advance diet to final goal of full strength
      - · coordinate KD formula procurement with home health agencies
      - coordinate KD discharge readiness with neurology and nursing

#### Ketogenic diet protocol pathways

|                  | Critical pathways Day 1   | Day 2   | Day 3   |
|------------------|---|---|---|
| Monitor<br>serum | Labs baselines surveillance<br>(if not done previously)                                       | <ul> <li>Dexi check at bedside;</li> <li> <ul> <li>Q2 hours if &lt;1 year</li> <li>Q4 hours if &gt;1 year</li> </ul> </li> <li>If no hypoglycemic events in past 24 hours, may increase ratio to 2:1</li> <li>Dexi check in 2 hours. if below 50mg/dl give15cc apple juice and re-check dexi in 1 hour. If NPO, give 50cc D5W and call physician</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Dexi check at bedside;</li> <li> <ul> <li>Q2 hours if &lt;1 year</li> <li>Q4 hours if &gt;1 year</li> </ul> </li> <li>If no hypoglycemic events in past 24 hours, may increase ratio to 3:1</li> <li>Dexi check in 2 hours. if below 50mg/dl give15cc apple juice and re-check Dexi in 1 hour. If NPO, give 50cc D5W and call physician</li> </ul> |
| Urine            | Urine acetone q void<br>Urine specific gravity q void<br>If >1.020 encourage fluid compliance | Urine acetone q void<br>Urine specific gravity q void<br>If >1.030 past 24 hours, consider IVF<br>(no dextrose) bolus   | Urine acetone q void<br>urine specific gravity q void<br>If >1.030 past 24 hours, consider IVF<br>(no dextrose) bolus   |
| Weight           | Daily weight  | Daily weight  | Daily weight  |
| Vital            | Vital signs q shift   | Vital signs q shift   | Vital signs q shift   |